



# CASS 61511 Workshop

## Overview of the CASS IEC 61511 Templates

DISCLAIMER: Whilst every effort has been made to ensure the accuracy of the information contained in this document neither The CASS Scheme Association nor its members will assume any liability for any use made thereof.

# Our Members



# IEC 61511 CASS Templates

- What are Targets of Evaluation (TOEs)?
- **CASS-511-FSM** Functional Safety Management.
- **CASS-511-LVL** Subsystem LVL software.
- **CASS-511-FSA** Functional Safety Assessments.
- **CASS-511-OP** Operations and Maintenance.

# Why The CASS Templates Exist

- To support in the assessment of functional safety.
- Must be available before project start!
- To demonstrate compliance with IEC 61508 or related standard.
- Each functional safety standard has a lot of requirements (guide).
- Open to all and free-of-charge.
- Transparent methodology.
- Required by UKAS (accredited certification).

NOTE: Templates cover IEC, EN, and BS EN variants.

# Rigor and Competence

- CASS templates reliant on the competence of the assessor!
- CASS templates can be used for any level of rigor.
  - Full FSA's.
  - Full assessments of functional safety.
  - Gap analysis of requirements.
  - Simple checklist of requirements (buying an asset).
- The rigor of any assessment must increase commensurate with the SIL.
- CASS templates must be used with a copy of the standard.
- CASS templates must be used by competent persons.

# Template Location

- Where are the templates (<https://61508.org/downloads/>)?
- How can I find them (search)?
- How do I know the templates have been updated?
- CASS membership.

You are able to document repository or download

The screenshot shows a web interface for 'CASS Documents'. On the left is a sidebar with a list of folders: CASS Documents, Excel Workbooks, Membership, Miscellaneous, Summary Papers, Technical papers and guide, and Technical papers presented. The main content area displays a table of documents under the heading 'CASS Documents'. The table has columns for Title, Categories, File Type, and Link. Below the table, there are folders for CASS Guide-A, IEC 61508, IEC 61511, and IEC 62061. At the bottom of the main area, there is a folder for Excel Workbooks. A 'Download Selected Documents' button is located at the top right of the document list.

Title	Categories	File Type	Link
CASS Functional Safety Management Declaration	CASS Documents	pdf	<a href="#">DOWNLOAD</a> <a href="#">SEARCH</a> <input type="checkbox"/>
CASS Registered Assessor application form	CASS Documents	docx	<a href="#">DOWNLOAD</a> <a href="#">SEARCH</a> <input type="checkbox"/>
Guidance on completing a CASS FSM declaration	CASS Documents	pdf	<a href="#">DOWNLOAD</a> <a href="#">SEARCH</a> <input type="checkbox"/>
The CASS Registered Functional Safety Assessor Scheme Manual	CASS Documents	pdf	<a href="#">DOWNLOAD</a> <a href="#">SEARCH</a> <input type="checkbox"/>

4 documents



# TOE Walkthrough

- We'll now cover **CASS-511-FSM** and some example TOE(s)

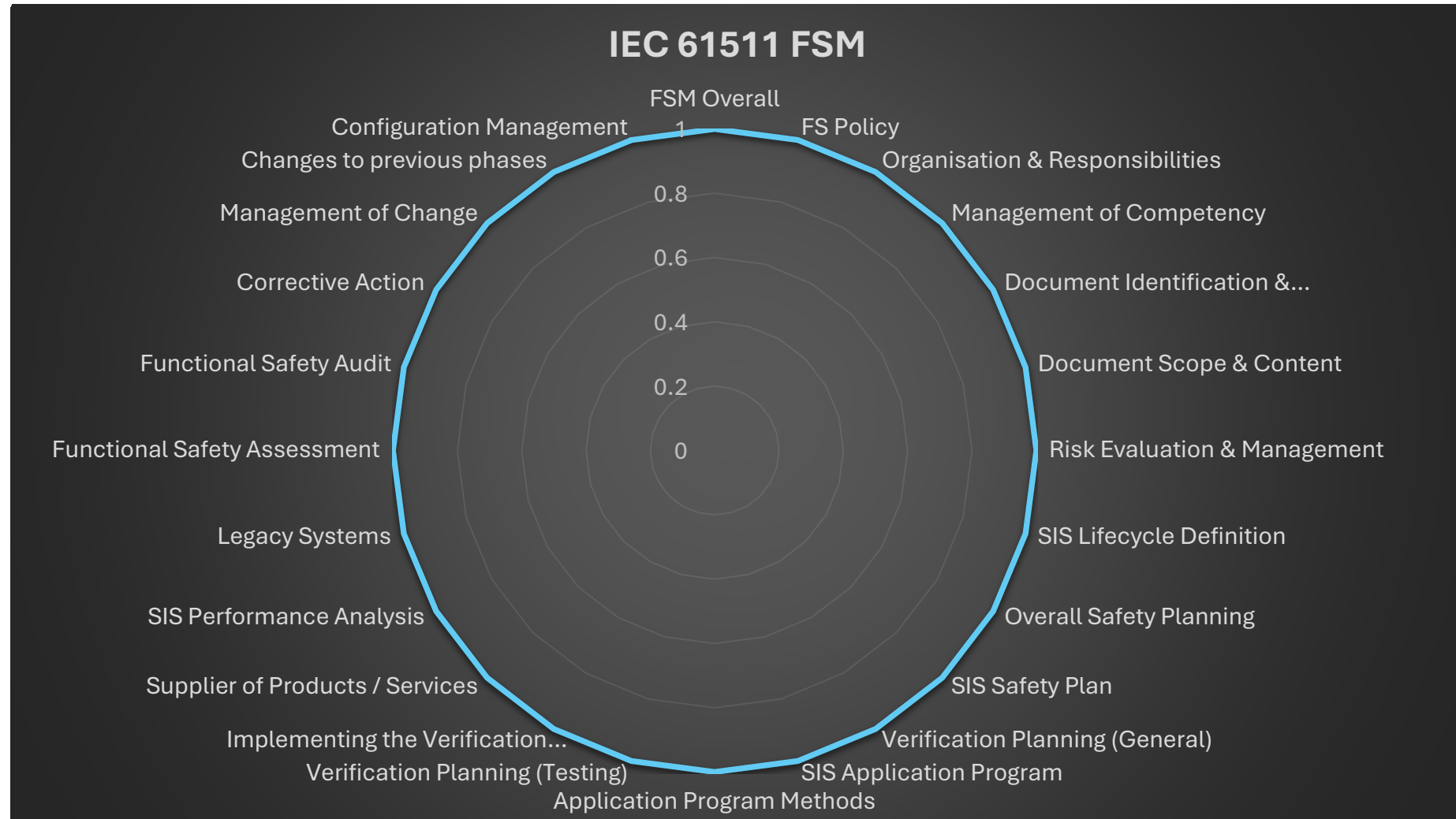


# CASS-511-FSM Walkthrough

25 TOEs in total

TOEs Range from Documentation Control, & Competence through to Configuration Management

**Question** – What if you have an existing QMS against ISO 9001, can this be credited?





# CASS-511-FSM Walkthrough

If we consider

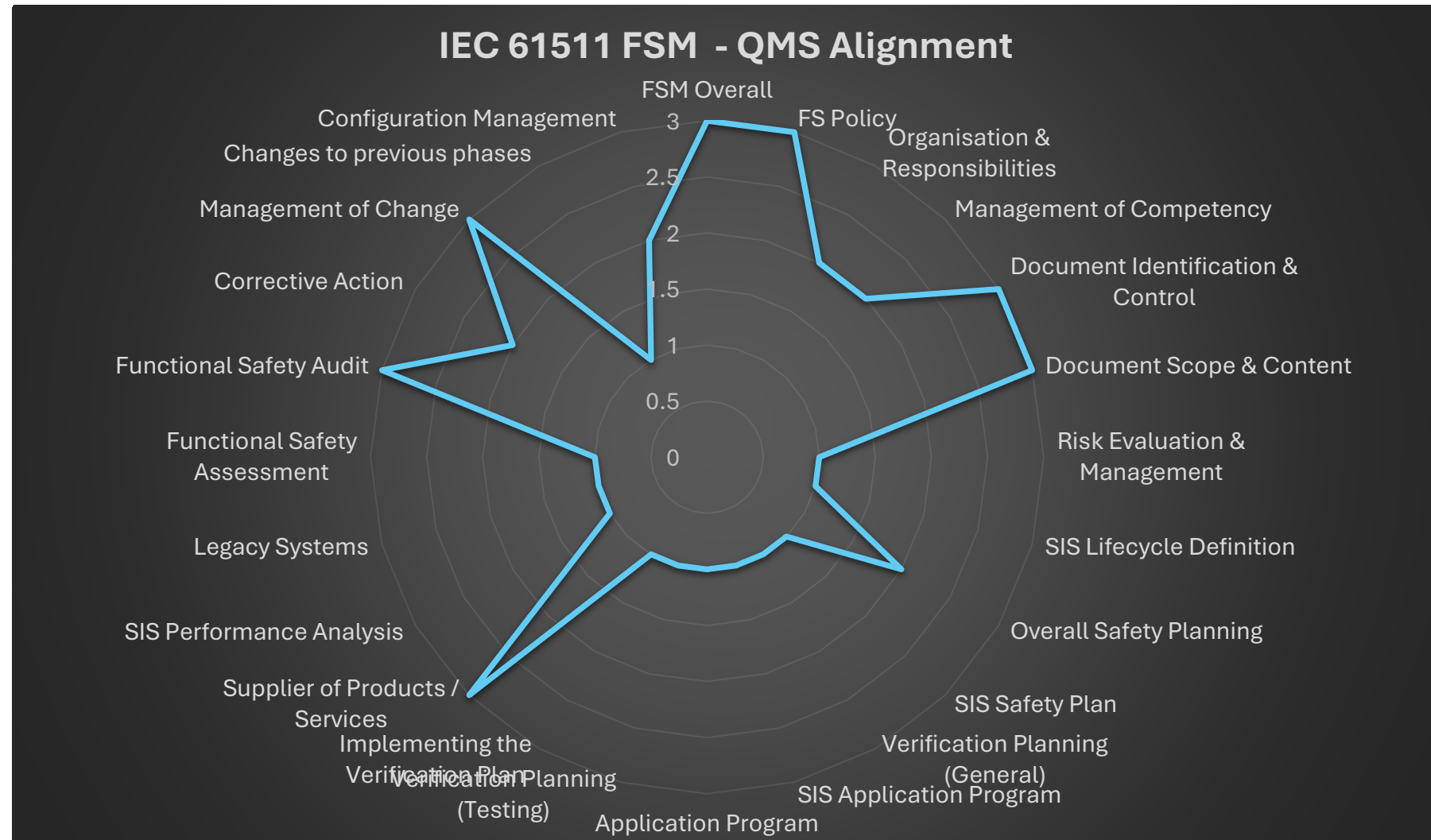
1 – No commonality

3 – Commonality

Between QMS and FSM

We now see our QMS **can** support in the development of an **Integrated Solution**

But this all looks a little scattered



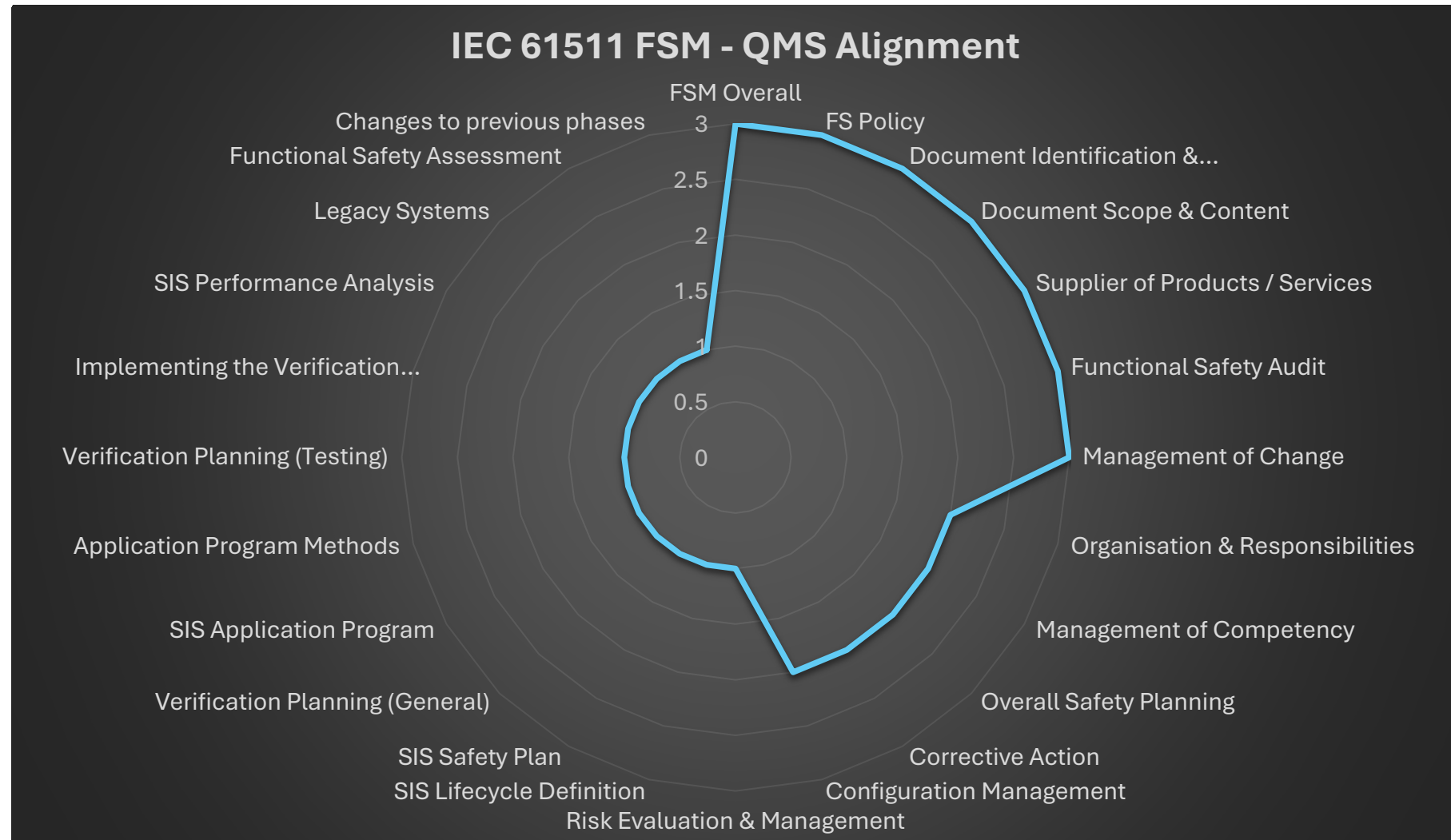
# CASS-511-FSM Walkthrough

Now If we consider the same  
 1 – No commonality  
 3 – Commonality  
 But in some form of Order

We can see where our QMS can support an **Integrated Solution** and where we need to focus our attention

Implementing FSM is not difficult if developed correctly

Let's look at some of these in more detail





# CASS-511-FSM Walkthrough

## 3 – Commonality

TOE 21  
Functional Safety Audit

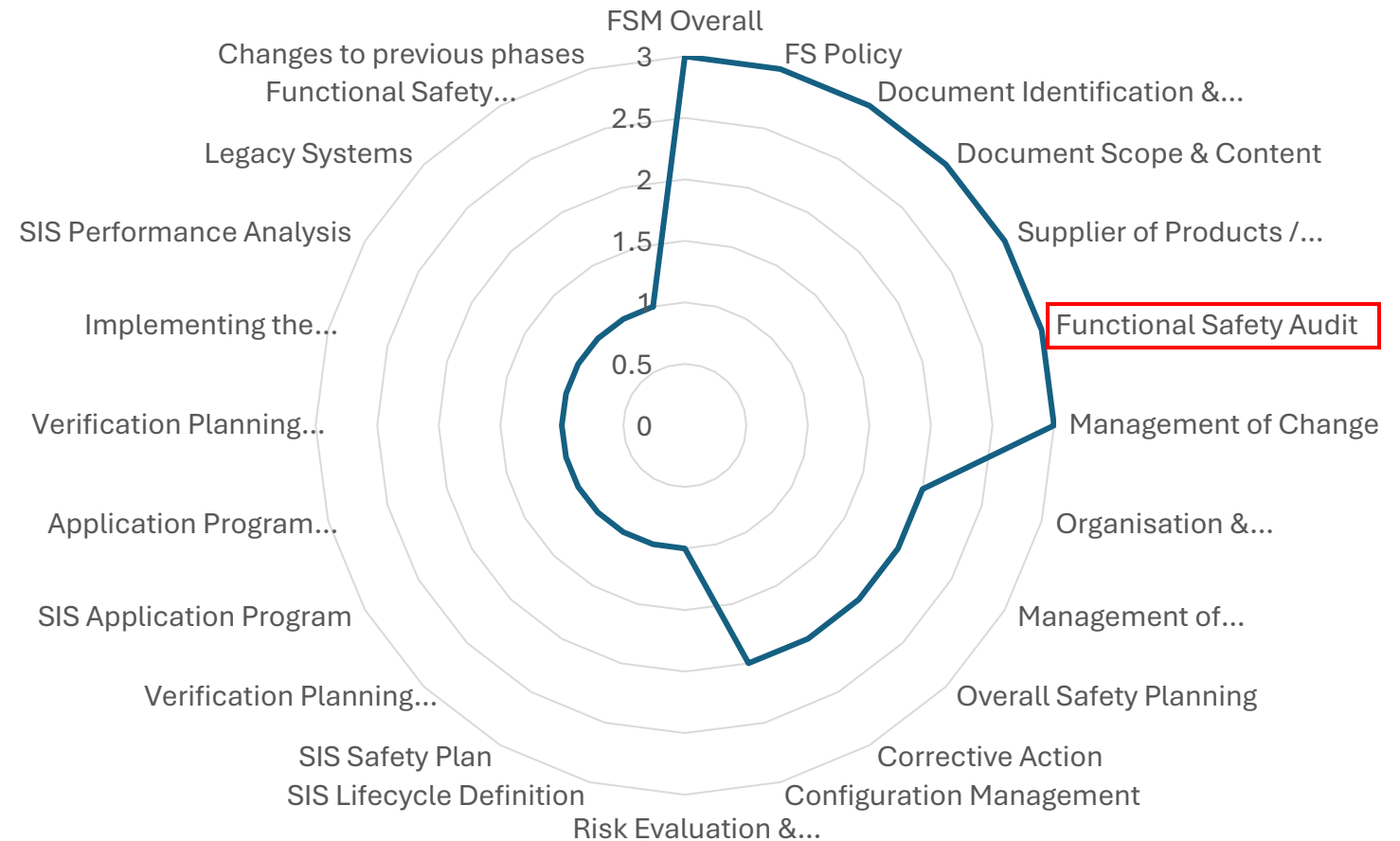
### Purpose of the TOE

To ensure procedures exist for periodic and independent audits of the FSM system to monitor its effectiveness and facilitate its improvement. The procedures should define the frequency of the audits, degree of independence, recording and follow-up.

ISO 9001 Clause 9.2  
Internal Audit

Functional Safety related audits can be scheduled within an existing internal audit program.

## IEC 61511 FSM - QMS Alignment



# CASS-511-FSM Walkthrough

## 3 – Commonality

TOE 2

Functional Safety Policy

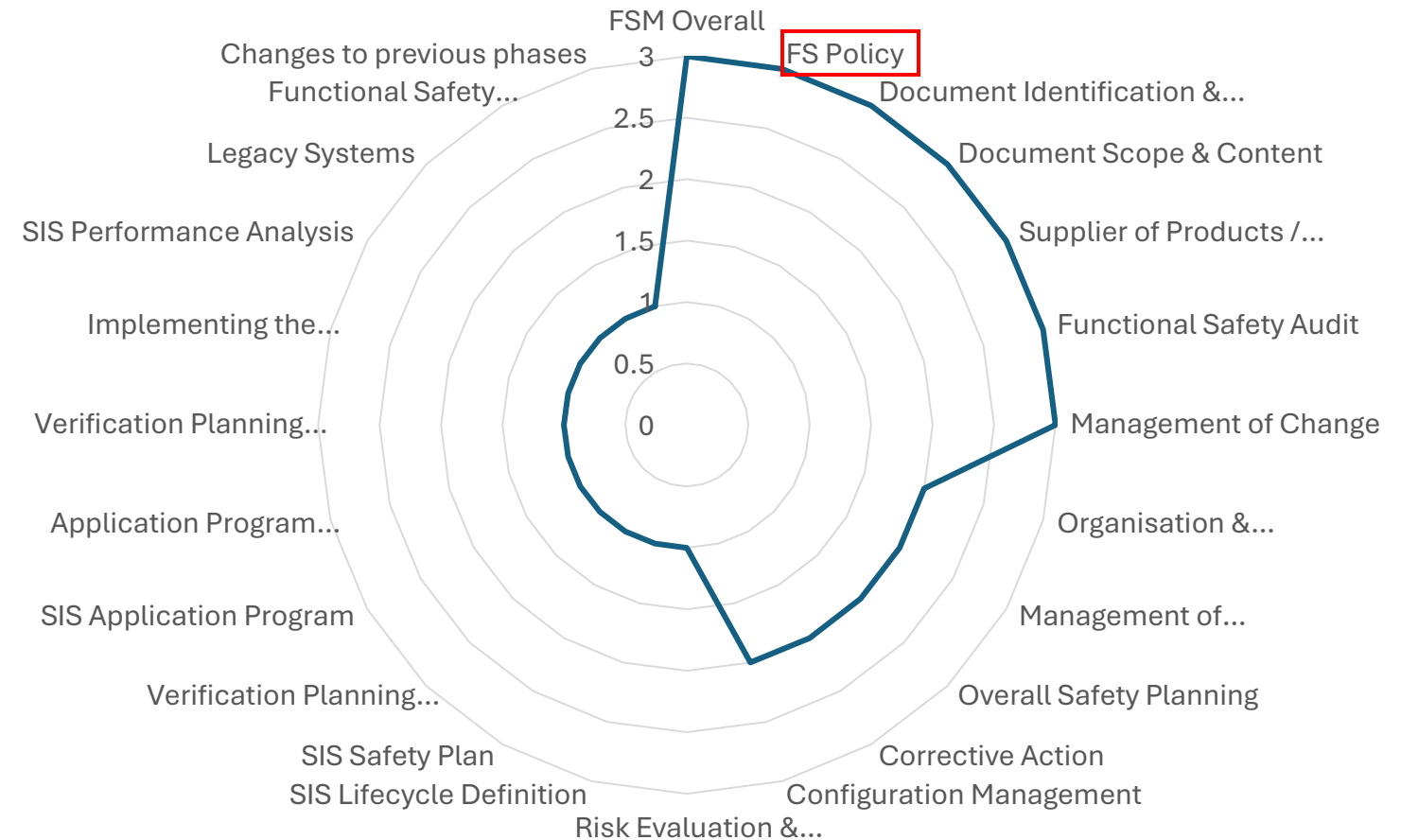
Purpose of the TOE

To ensure there is an appropriate policy and strategy for achieving functional safety, together with the means of evaluating its achievement, authorised by senior management and communicated within the organisation.

ISO 9001 Clause 5.2  
Quality Policy

- Appropriate to the Organisation & Activities
- Aligned with the company strategic direction
- Commitment to meeting standards
- Framework for establishing and reviewing objectives (KPI)
- Communicated and Understood

## IEC 61511 FSM - QMS Alignment





# CASS-511-FSM Walkthrough

## 2 – Partial Commonality

## IEC 61511 FSM - QMS Alignment

TOE 3

Organisation and Responsibilities

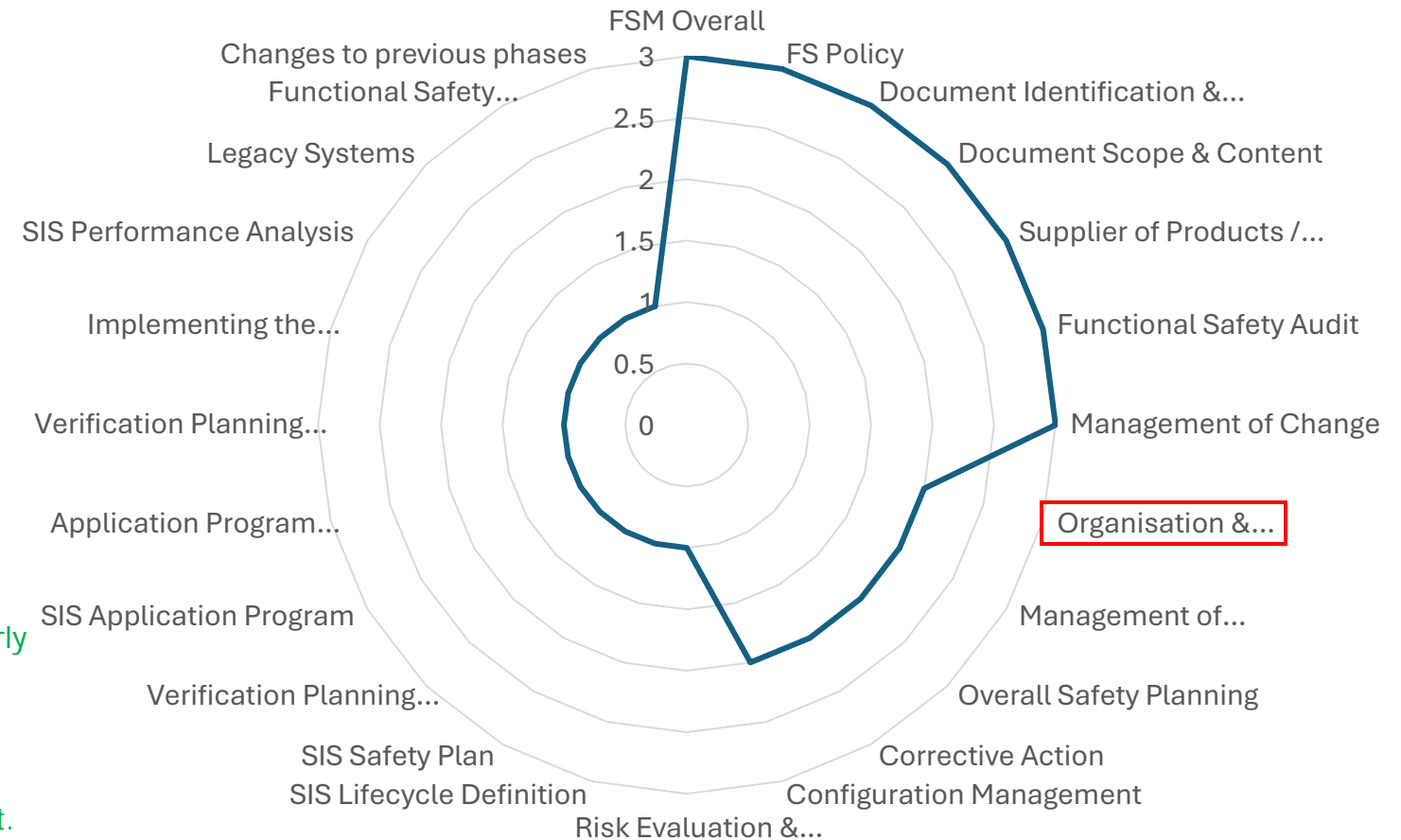
Purpose of the TOE

To ensure that the persons, departments or organisations who perform, review, audit or assess SIS safety lifecycle activities are identified (documented) and informed of the responsibilities assigned to them.

ISO 9001 Clause 4

Organisational Context and Stakeholders

- Functional Safety related roles and responsibilities needs to be clearly defined, this can be internal or external roles within the lifecycle.
- This is applicable to all lifecycle phases and activities.
- Those assuming a particular role or responsibility need to be made aware of their duties.
- The person(s) performing such roles need to be suitably Competent.





# CASS-511-FSM Walkthrough

1 – No Commonality

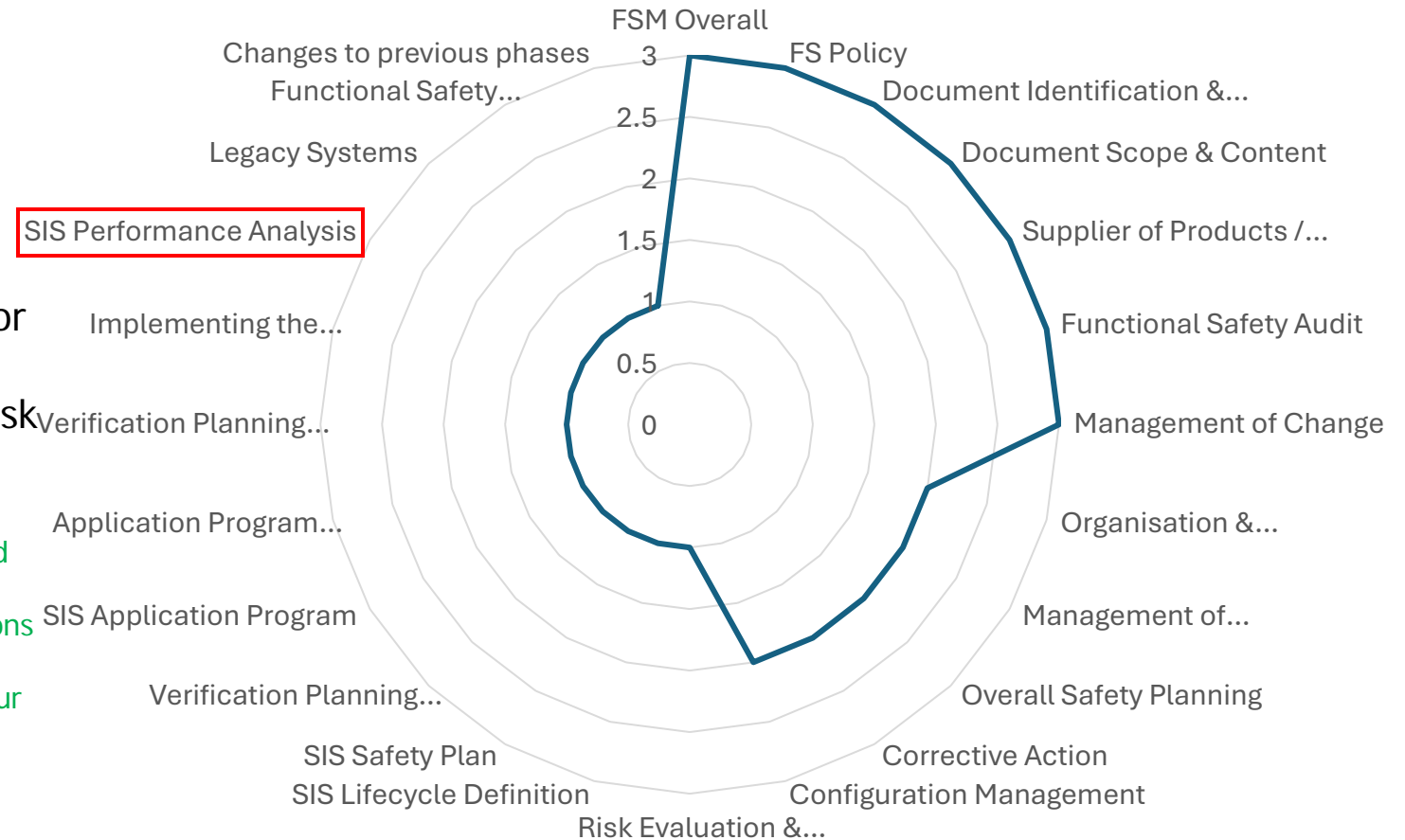
IEC 61511 FSM - QMS Alignment

TOE 18  
SIS Performance Analysis

Purpose of the TOE

To ensure there are procedures in place to evaluate the SIS against its safety requirements, identify and prevent dangerous systematic failures, and to monitor and assess reliability parameters and demand mode assumptions of the SIS that were made during the risk assessment and design stages.

- During Design we assume a Demand, Failure and Spurious rate, based on published data.?  
After a period of operating the SIS how can we be sure our assumptions were correct.?
- First, we must ensure we have an appropriate means of recording our data
  - Secondly, we must ensure we have an appropriate means of measuring our data effectively
  - Thirdly, we must ensure we take all appropriate action to ensure continued safe operation based on the data collected



# CASS-511-FSM Walkthrough

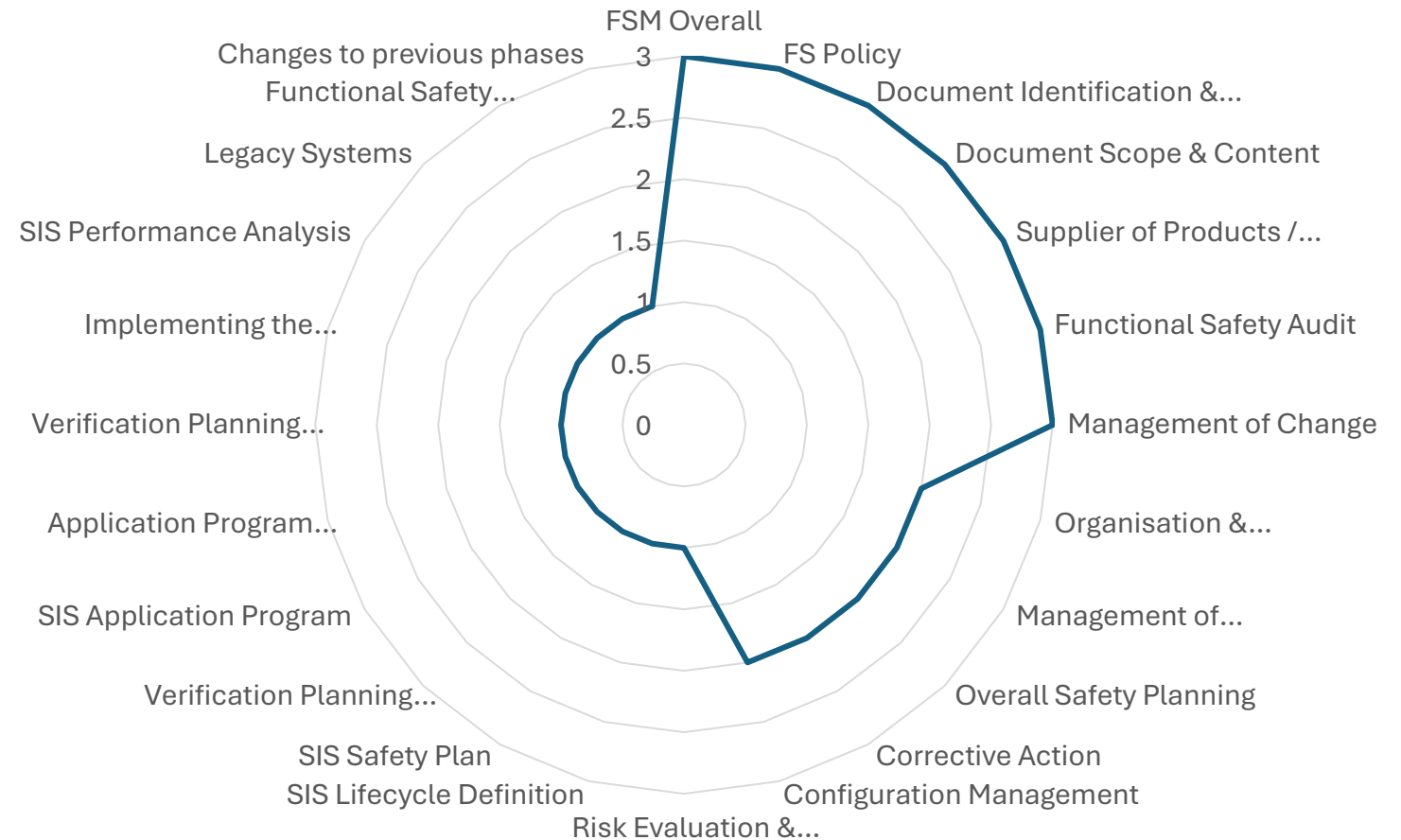
1 – No Commonality

## IEC 61511 FSM - QMS Alignment

TOE ??

Purpose of the TOE  
??

Would anyone like to pick a TOE to discuss in more detail?



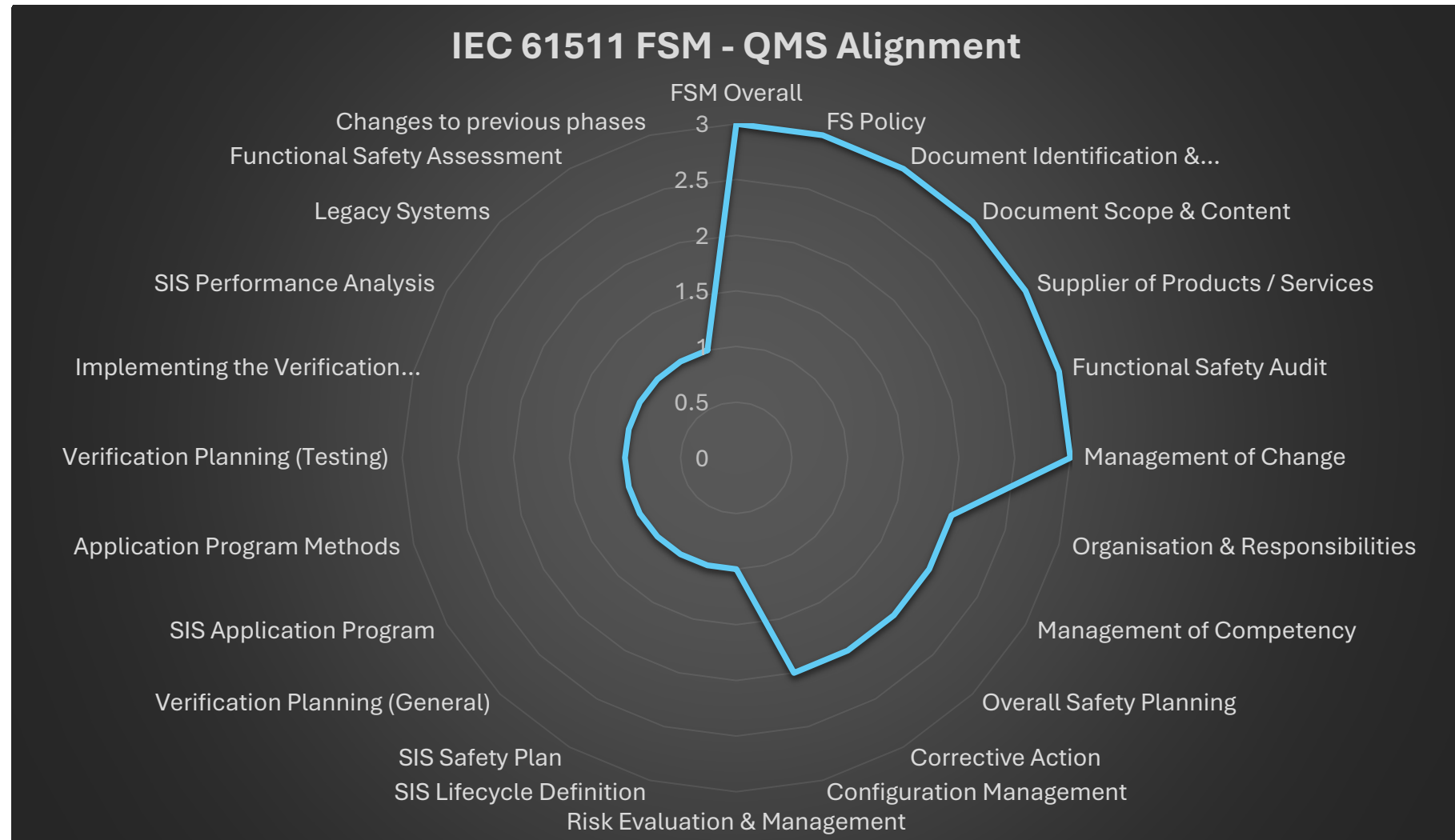
# CASS-511-FSM Walkthrough

## FSM Conclusion

**FSM is MANDATORY** for all involved in the lifecycle.

We can demonstrate FSM through an **Integrated Solution** which reduces over burden, ensures alignment of procedures, and prevents conflicting processes.

Implementing FSM is not difficult if developed correctly.!





# TOE Walkthrough

- We'll now cover **CASS-511-LVL** and some example TOE(s)

# CASS-511-LVL Walkthrough

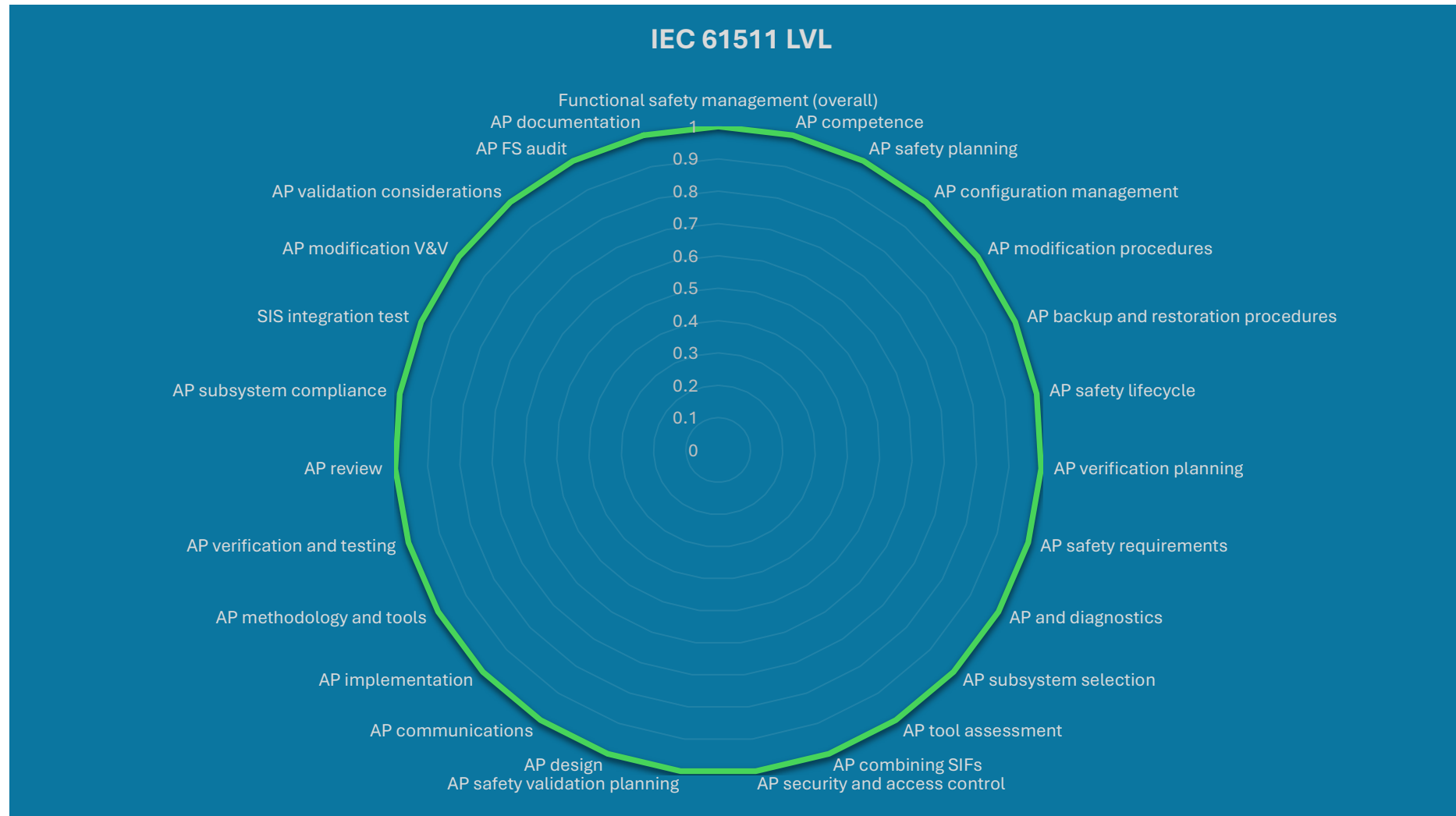
27 TOEs in total

TOEs Range from FSM, & AP Competence through to AP Testing and Verification

IEC 61508 Part 3 TOEs total 46 – but this is for FVL, Embedded, LVL – all software types

IEC 61511 only considers LVL, Application Specific software development.

**Question** – What does my FSM need to include as a developer of LVL?





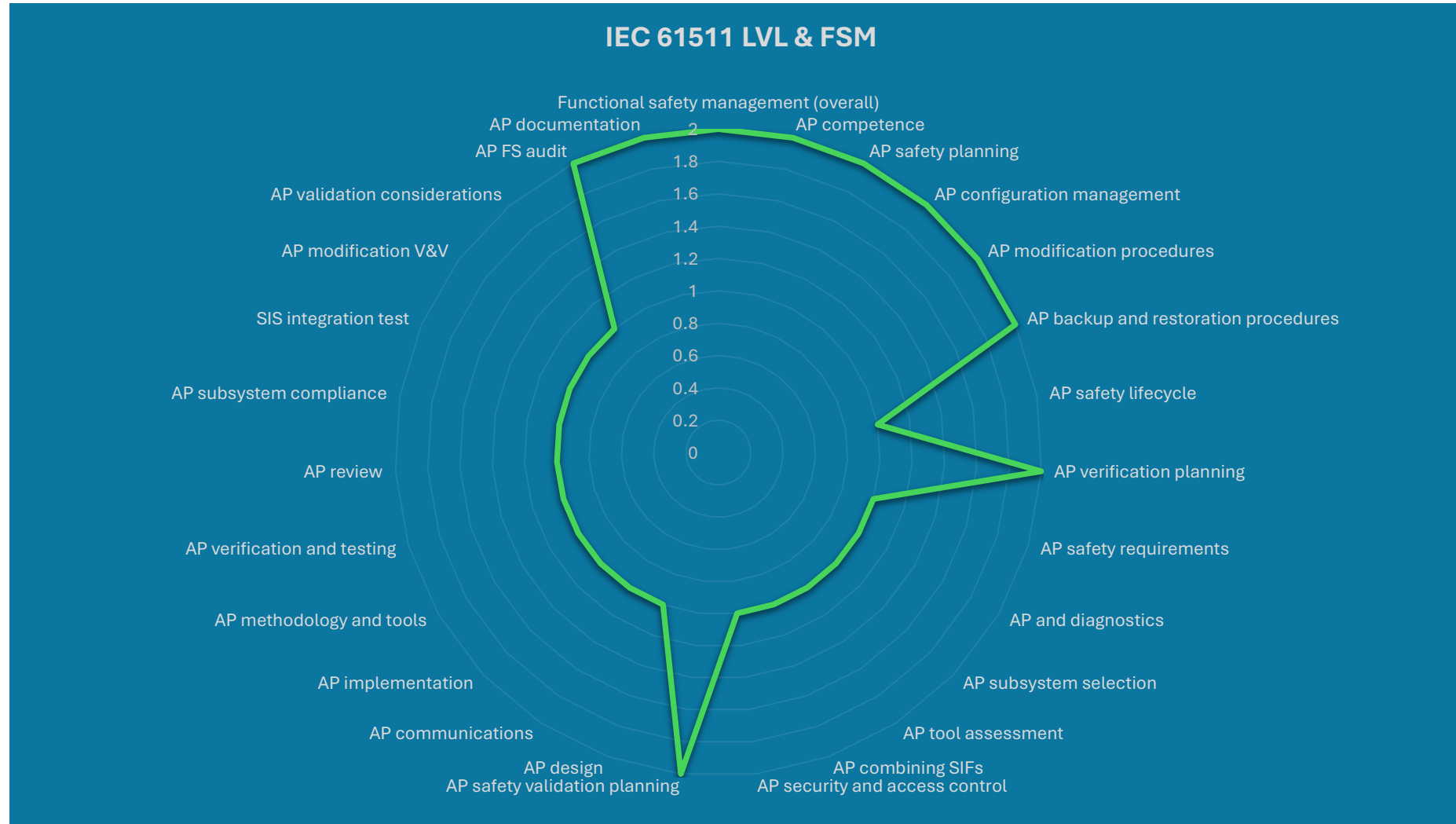
# CASS-511-LVL Walkthrough

If we consider

- 2 – FSM Requirement
- 1 – Project Requirement

We now see which TOEs are in regard to FSM and which are Project Specific

But again, this all looks a little scattered





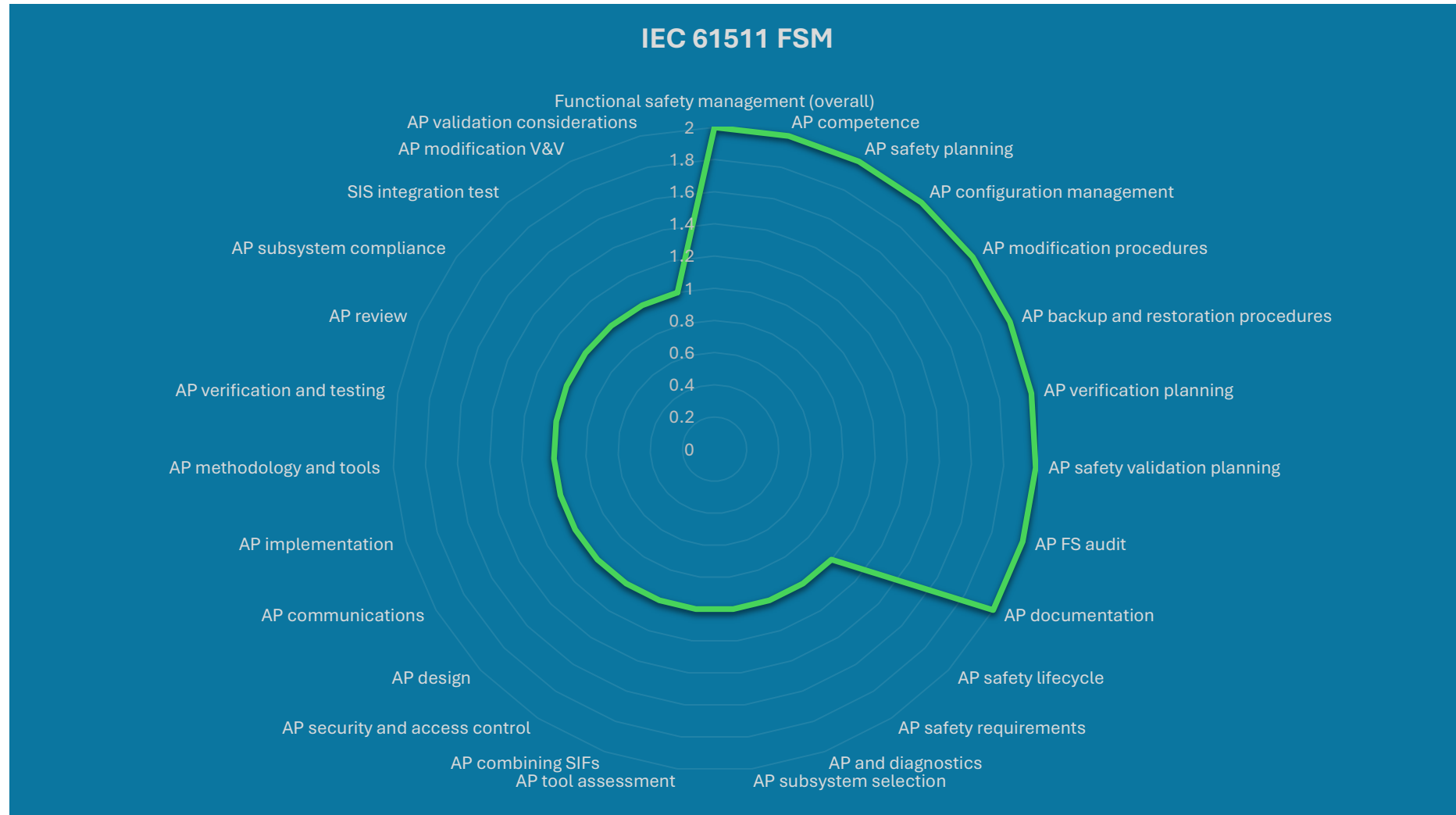
# CASS-511-LVL Walkthrough

If we consider

- 2 – FSM Requirement
- 1 – Project Requirement

Now with some order we can see 10 of the TOEs (40%) relate to our FSM

The remaining TOEs are Project specific however it should be noted these can be linked to specific templates or schemes of work to ensure consistency across multiple projects.



# CASS-511-LVL Walkthrough

## 2 – FSM Requirement

### IEC 61511 FSM

TOE 6

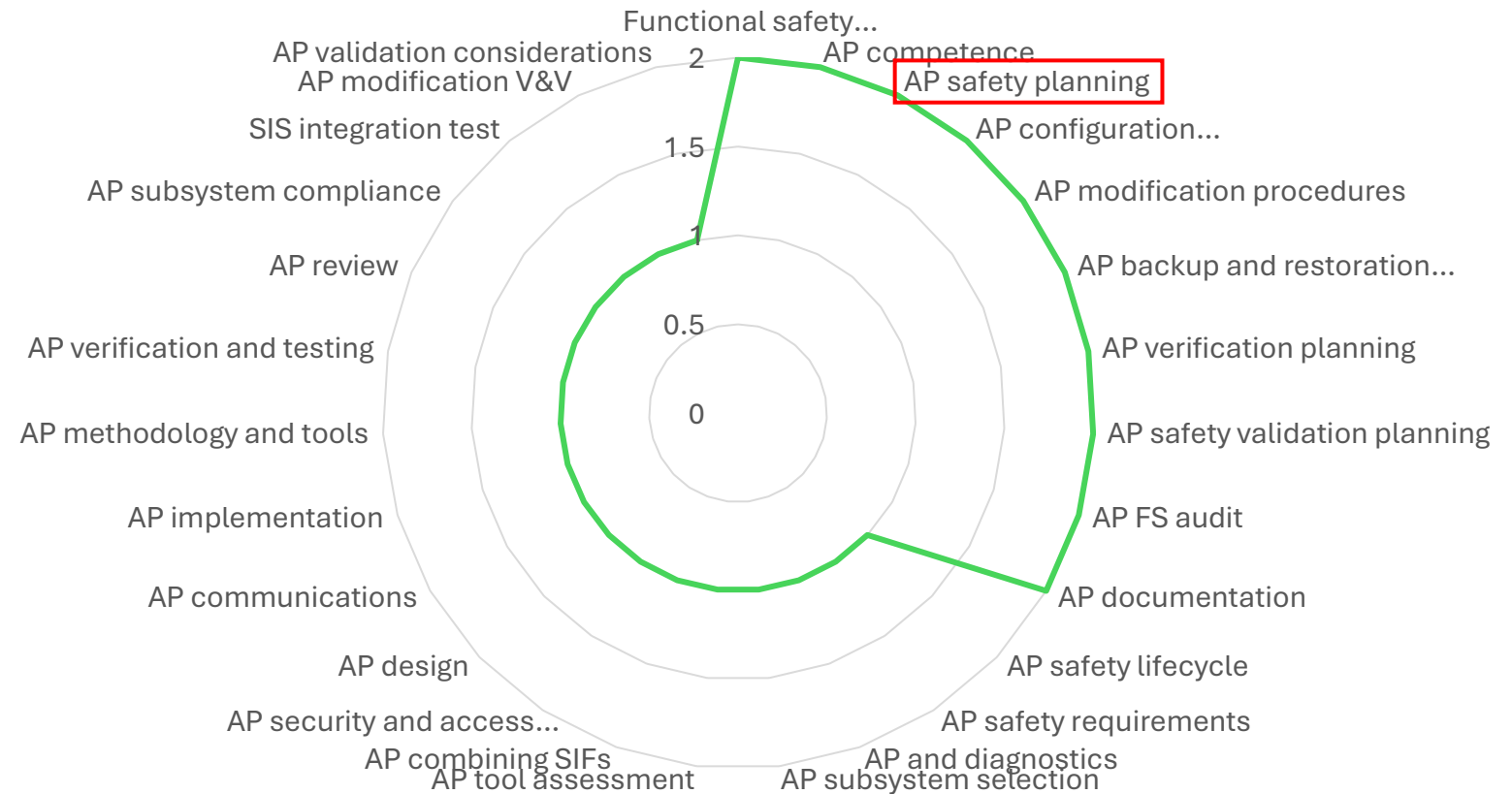
### AP Safety Planning

#### Purpose of the TOE

For all SILs, ensure there is general evidence of safety planning for the software lifecycle and development

The FSM should define AP Safety Planning;

- When planning is to be performed for AP Development
- Who drafts the AP Safety Plan
- What the AP Safety Plan should contain
- Ensuring the AP Safety Plan details all of the requirements



# CASS-511-LVL Walkthrough

## 2 – FSM Requirement

### IEC 61511 FSM

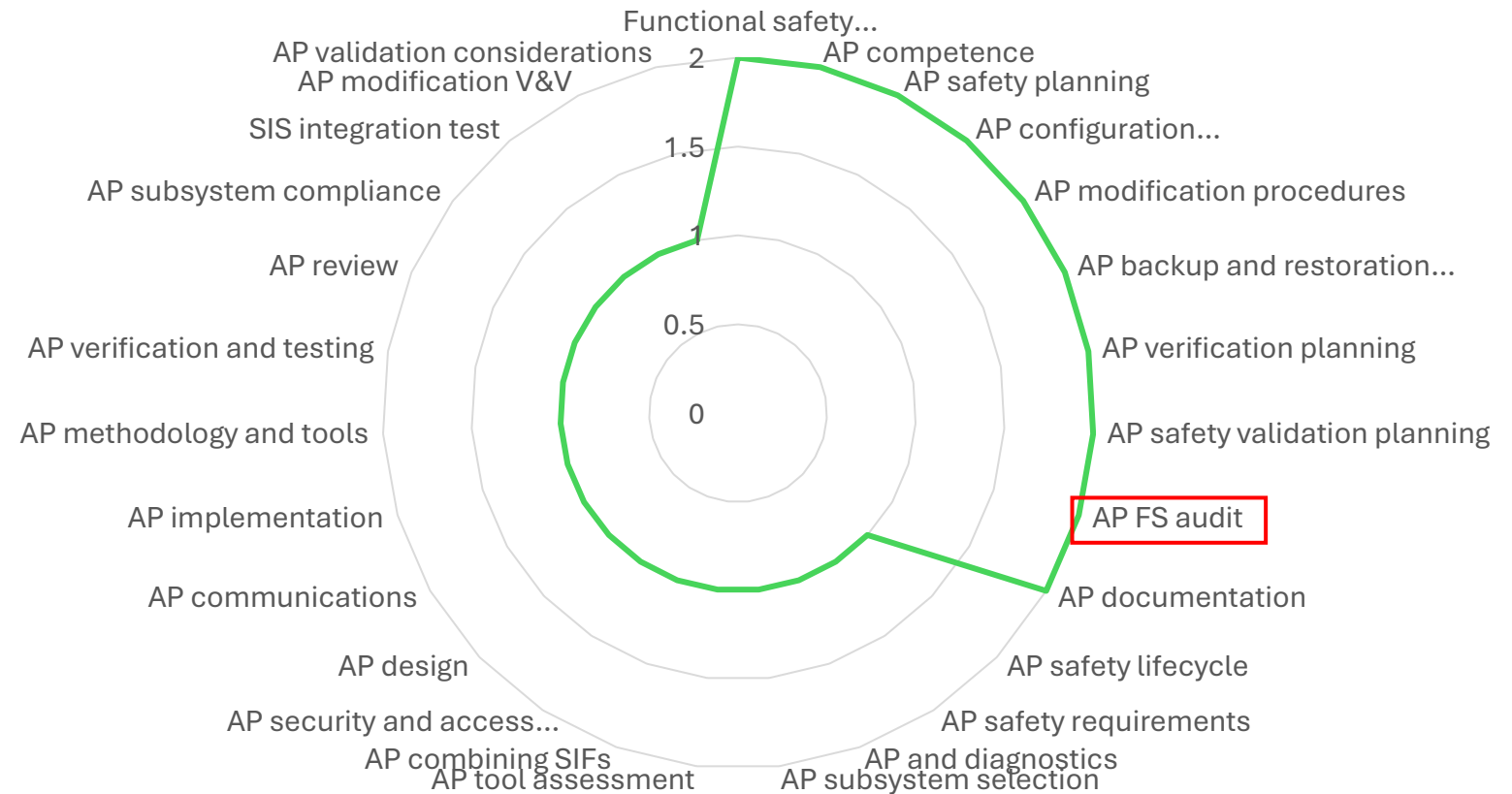
TOE 26  
AP FS Audit

#### Purpose of the TOE

For all SILs, ensure that relevant aspects of the software lifecycle and software development have been audited in relation to functional safety

The FSM or Integrated Management System should include an Audit Schedule.

For a company performing the AP design and development this Audit schedule should include periodic auditing of the AP design and development processes



# CASS-511-LVL Walkthrough

## 1 – Project Requirement

## IEC 61511 FSM

TOE 14

AP Security & Access Control

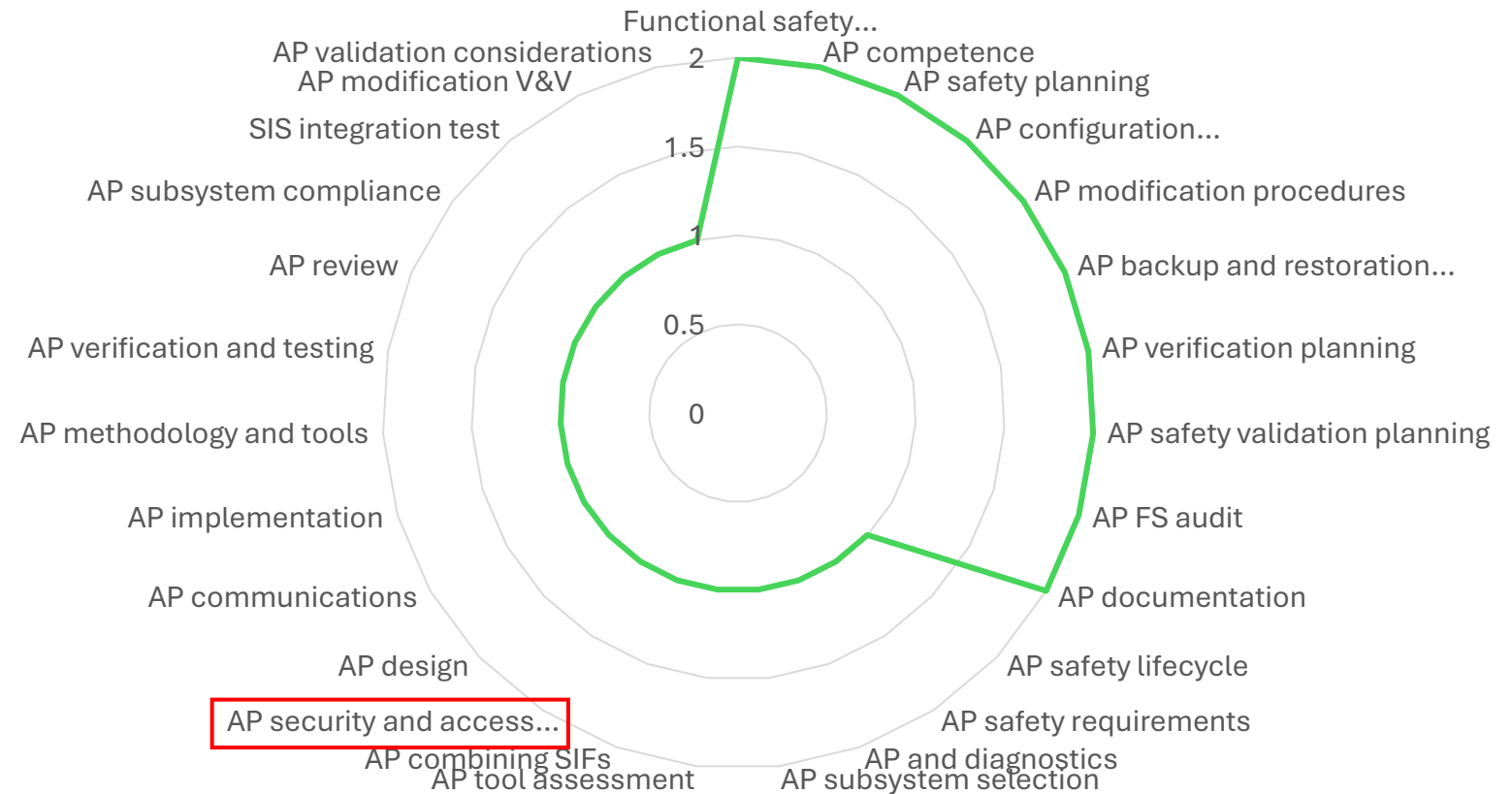
Purpose of the TOE

For all SILs, ensure that the AP design and coding has considered the relevant security risk and access control requirements

The design and development of the AP should consider any security risk assessment requirements.

The security risk assessment will define any identified threats and mitigations which need to be considered during design.

IEC 62443 is the common standard which is used when conducting the security risk assessment during earlier phases.



# CASS-511-LVL Walkthrough

## 1 – Project Requirement

## IEC 61511 FSM

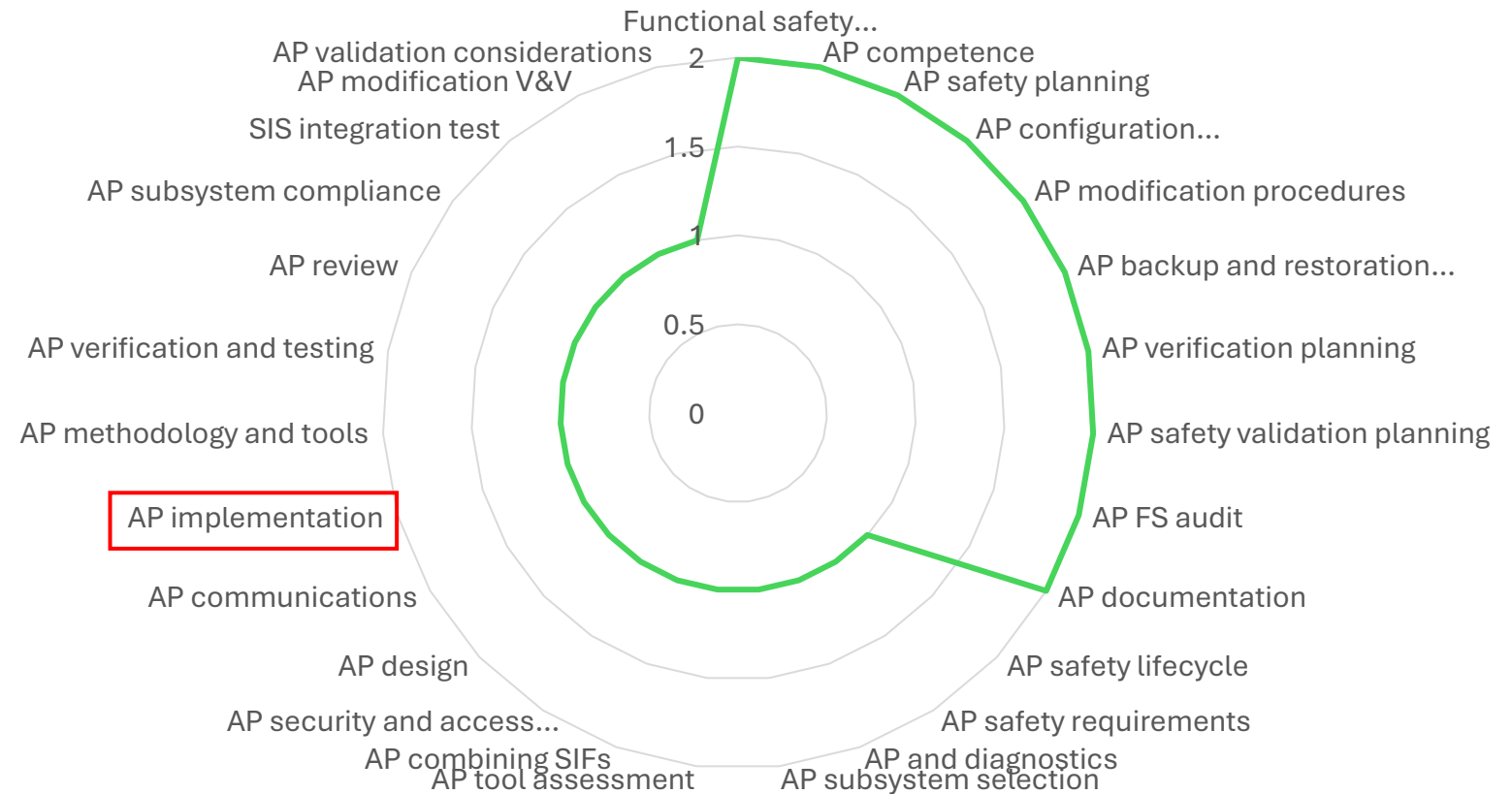
TOE 18

AP Implementation

Purpose of the TOE

For all SILs, ensure that the application program development methodology complies with the development tools and restrictions of the SIS PE subsystem, is produced in a structured manner (e.g., modularity), justifies the use of previously developed libraries, and details clear ownership / identification. To also ensure AP implementation is traceable to the AP safety requirements

Usually for LVL applications standard configurable and modular coding is used from a pre-approved library. All of this needs to be defined, justified and verifiable.





# CASS-511-LVL Walkthrough

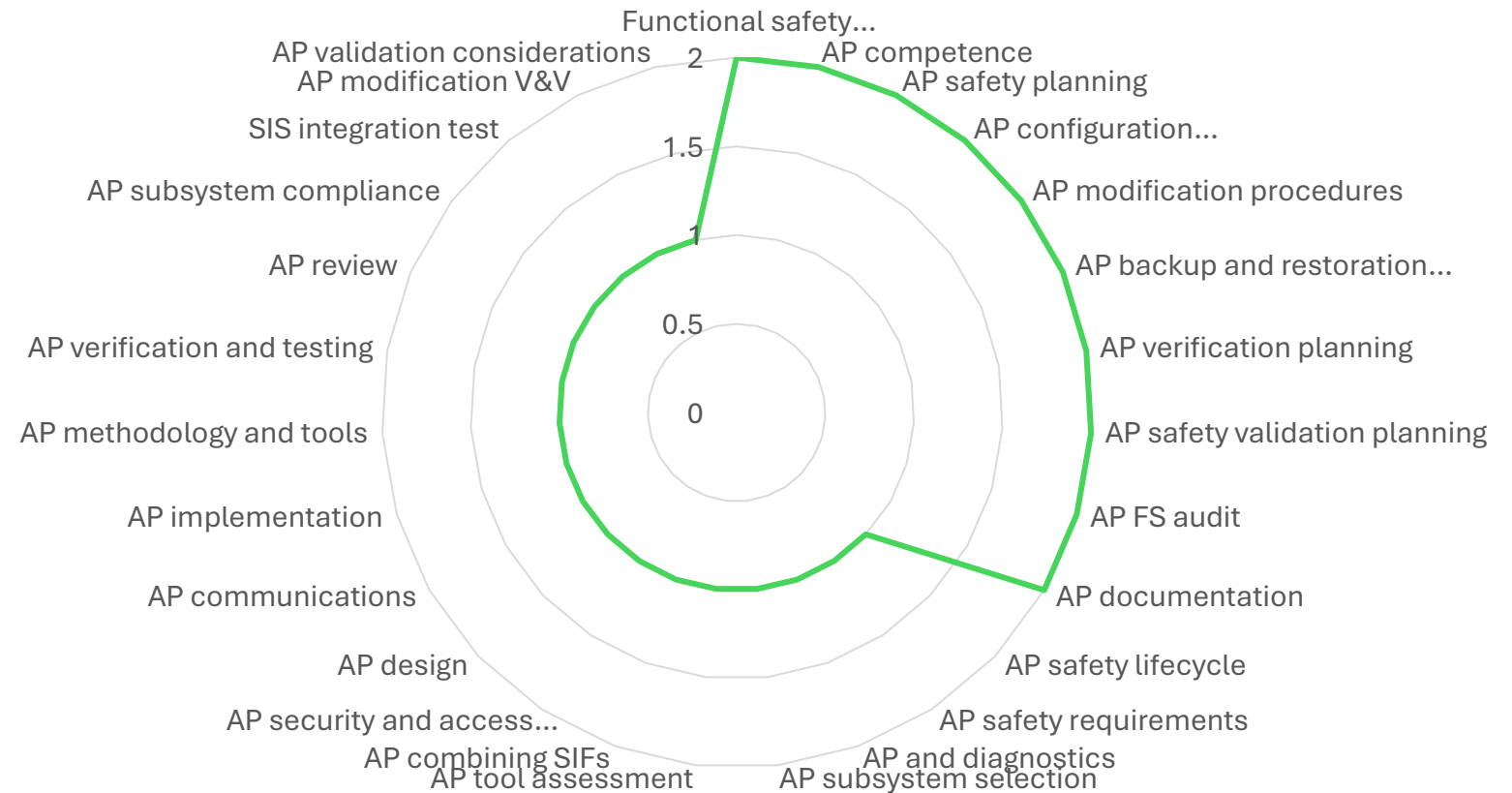
## 1 – Project Requirement

### IEC 61511 FSM

TOE ??

Purpose of the TOE ??

Would anyone like to pick a TOE to discuss in more detail?





# CASS-511-LVL Walkthrough

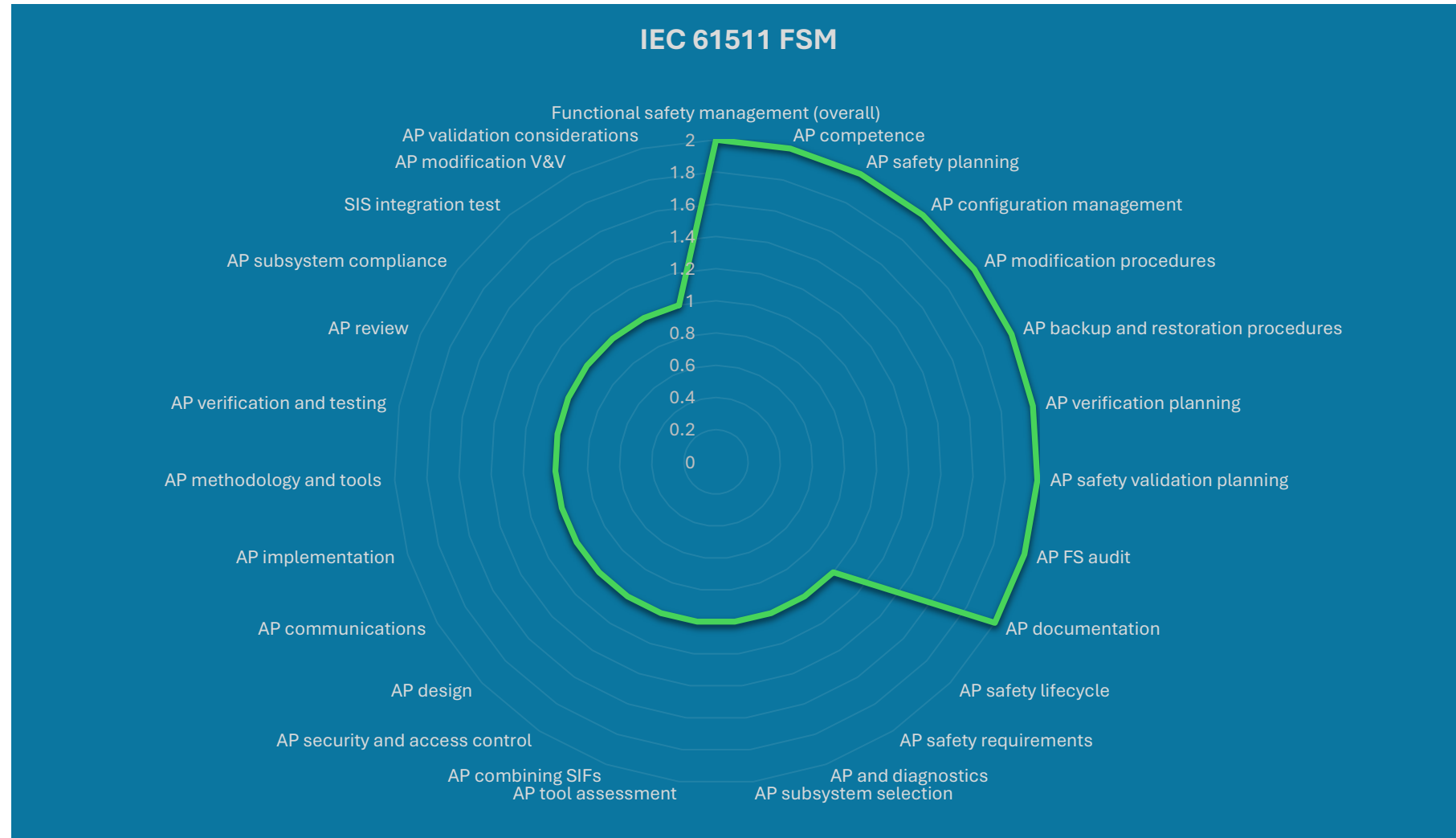
## LVL Conclusion

LVL development leans on the **FSM** in at least **40%** of TOEs.

LVL Scheme was developed to reflect IEC 61511 requirements for Application Program development and to eliminate the need to follow the IEC 61508 Part 3 TOEs

- Planning
- Specifying
- Verifying &
- Validating

Are all still crucial and fundamental requirements of LVL development





# TOE Walkthrough

- We'll now cover **CASS-511-FSA** and some example TOE(s)

# CASS-511-FSA Walkthrough

Functional Safety Assessment scheme developed for IEC 61511

The Scheme is broken down into the FSA stages defined in IEC61511

- Stage 1 – During H&RA
- Stage 2 – During Detailed Design
- Stage 3 – Prior to Introducing Hazards
- Stage 4 – Periodically in Operations
- Stage 5 – During Modifications

The Scheme is in Excel format

The screenshot shows an Excel spreadsheet with the following structure:

- Project Information:** Project: Planning 'B1, Title: Planning 'B2, Client: Planning 'B3, Asset: Planning 'B4, Issue: Planning 'B5.
- Checklist Introduction:** The following should be noted when using this assessment checklist:
  - The checklist is only for guidance to act as an aid memory to complete an assessment, the assessment should not be treated as a tick box exercise.
  - The assessment is a judgment based on the review of the SIS against the relevant requirements of the standard IEC 61511 and shall not be treated as an audit against this checklist.
  - The assessment shall be performed by suitably competent personnel and use of this checklist shall not negate the competence requirements.
  - Not all checklist entries maybe relevant for every assessment.
  - Positive reporting should be considered when completing the checklist.
- Phase 1 - Hazard and Risk Assessment:**

CASS TOE	IEC 61511 Clause	Assessment Prompt	Outcome				Assessment Team Comments	Recommendations / Actions
			Yes	No	Partial	N/A		
FSA-1-11	8.2.1	Is there a description of the hazardous event and the factors that could contribute to it? (including human factors)						
FSA-1-12	8.2.1	Is there a description of the consequences and the likelihood of the event occurring?						
FSA-1-13	8.2.1	Have all conditions of operation been considered such as normal operation, start-up, shutdown, maintenance, process upset, and emergency shutdown?						
FSA-1-14	8.2.1	Have any additional risk reduction methods been identified to achieve the required safety?						
FSA-1-15	8.2.1	Have measures to reduce or remove hazards and risk been considered / identified?						
FSA-1-16	8.2.1	Does the assessment contain a detailed description of the assumptions made during analysis of the risks, including probable demand rates and equipment failure rates, and of any credit taken for operational constraints or human intervention?						
FSA-1-17	8.2.1	Have safety functions been allocated to layers of protection, taking into account common cause failures between the safety layers and between safety layers and BPCS?						
FSA-1-18	8.2.1	Have safety functions applied as safety instrumented functions been clearly identified and are they deemed effective against all initiating events?						
FSA-1-19	8.2.2	Has the dangerous failure rate of the BPCS as an initiating source (i.e. placing a demand on a protection layer) not assumed to be less than 10 <sup>-6</sup> per hour?						
FSA-1-110	8.2.3	Is the hazard and risk assessment recorded such that it is: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• clear and traceable;</li> <li>• accurate and up to date;</li> <li>• easy to understand;</li> <li>• available in an accessible, maintainable and editable form;</li> <li>• uniquely identified and version controlled.</li> </ul>						
FSA-1-111	8.2.4	Has a security risk assessment been carried out to identify the security vulnerabilities of the SIS (including BPCS or any other device connected to the SIS)?						
FSA-1-112	8.2.4	Does the security risk assessment contain a description of identified threats that could exploit vulnerabilities and result in security events (including intentional attacks on the hardware, application programs and related software, as well as unintended events resulting from human error)?						
FSA-1-113	8.2.4	Are various phases considered in the Security Risk Assessment such as design, implementation, commissioning, operation, and maintenance?						
FSA-1-114	8.2.4	Have additional requirements for risk reduction been identified in the Security Risk Assessment?						
FSA-1-115	8.2.4	Does the security risk assessment include descriptions of, or references to information on, the measures taken to reduce or remove the threats?						
- Phase 2 - Allocation of safety functions to protective layers:**

CASS TOE	IEC 61511 Clause	Assessment Prompt	Outcome				Assessment Team Comments	Recommendations / Actions
			Yes	No	Partial	N/A		
FSA-1-2-1	8.2.1	Have allocation of safety functions to specific protection layers been documented for the purpose of prevention, control or mitigation?						

# CASS-511-FSA Walkthrough

Functional Safety Assessment scheme developed for IEC 61511

FSA Planning is a mandatory requirement of IEC 61511

The Scheme template has a Tab which can be used to complete the planning portion

The screenshot displays the 'Planning' tab of an Excel spreadsheet. The spreadsheet is titled 'CASS-511-FSA-Functional-Safety-Assessment-v2 (1).xlsx'. It features a 'Project' information section at the top, followed by a table for 'Stage 1 FSA'. The table has columns for 'CASS TOE', 'IEC 61511 Clause', 'Assessment Prompt', 'Outcome' (Yes, No, Partial, N/A), 'Assessment Team Comments', and 'Recommendations / Actions'. A red box highlights the 'Planning' tab in the bottom navigation bar. A large 'Page 1' watermark is visible over the table content.

# CASS-511-FSA Walkthrough

Functional Safety Assessment scheme developed for IEC 61511

Each FSA stage has a Requirements and Checklist Tab

The Stage 3 & 4 also have an additional Visual Inspection Tab

**Note** – An FSA should be performed by an independent Competent Person(s) and should NOT be treated as a Tick Box exercise, the Scheme is to aid engineering judgement and ensure thoroughness of the assessment

The screenshot shows the Microsoft Excel interface for the CASS-511-FSA Functional Safety Assessment template. The spreadsheet is titled "CASS-511-FSA-Functional-Safety-Assessment-v2 (1).xlsx". The navigation bar at the bottom includes tabs for "Planning", "FSA Stage 1 Requirements", "FSA Stage 1 Checklist", "FSA Stage 2 Requirements", "FSA Stage 2 Checklist", "FSA Stage 3 Requirements", and "FSA Stage 4 Requirements". The main content area displays "Stage 1 FSA" with a table of assessment prompts and outcomes. A large "Page 1" watermark is overlaid on the table. A red arrow points from the "Note" text to the "FSA Stage 2 Requirements" and "FSA Stage 2 Checklist" tabs.

CASS TOE	IEC 61511 Clause	Assessment Prompt	Outcome				Assessment Team Comments	Recommendations / Actions
			Yes	No	Partial	N/A		
<b>Phase 1 - Hazard and Risk Assessment</b>								
FSA-1-11	8.2.1	Is there a description of the hazardous event and the factors that could contribute to it? (including human factors)						
FSA-1-12	8.2.1	Is there a description of the consequences and the likelihood of the event occurring?						
FSA-1-13	8.2.1	Have all conditions of operation been considered such as normal operation, start-up, shutdown, maintenance, process upset, and emergency shutdown?						
FSA-1-14	8.2.1	Have any additional risk reduction methods been identified to achieve the required safety?						
FSA-1-15	8.2.1	Have measures to reduce or remove hazards and risk been considered / identified?						
FSA-1-16	8.2.1	Does the assessment contain a detailed description of the assumptions made during analysis of the risks, including probable demand rates and equipment failure rates, and of any credit taken for operational constraints or human intervention?						
FSA-1-17	8.2.1	Have safety functions been allocated to layers of protection, taking into account common cause failures between the safety layers and between safety layers and BPCS?						
FSA-1-18	8.2.1	Have safety functions applied as safety instrumented functions been clearly identified and are they deemed effective against all initiating events?						
FSA-1-19	8.2.2	Has the dangerous failure rate of the BPCS as an initiating source (i.e. placing a demand on a protection layer) not assumed to be less than 10 <sup>-6</sup> per hour?						
FSA-1-10	8.2.3	Is the hazard and risk assessment recorded such that it is: • clear and traceable; • accurate and up to date; • easy to understand; • available in an accessible, maintainable and editable form; • properly identified and version controlled?						
FSA-1-11	8.2.4	Has a security risk assessment been carried out to identify the security vulnerabilities of the SIS (including BPCS or any other device connected to the SIS)?						
FSA-1-12	8.2.4	Does the security risk assessment contain a description of identified threats that could exploit vulnerabilities and result in security events (including intentional attacks on the hardware, application programs and related software, as well as unintended events resulting from human error)?						
FSA-1-13	8.2.4	Are various phases considered in the Security Risk Assessment such as design, implementation, commissioning, operation, and maintenance?						
FSA-1-14	8.2.4	Have additional requirements for risk reduction been identified in the Security Risk Assessment?						
FSA-1-15	8.2.4	Does the security risk assessment include descriptions of, or references to information on, the measures taken to reduce or remove the threats?						
<b>Phase 2 - Allocation of safety functions to protective layers</b>								
FSA-2-1	8.2.1	Have allocation of safety functions to specific protection layers been documented for the purpose of prevention, control or mitigation?						



# CASS-511-FSA Walkthrough



Project: -Planning "B1"  
 Title: -Planning "B2"  
 Client: -Planning "B3"  
 Asset: -Planning "B4"  
 Area: -Planning "B5"

The following should be noted when using this assessment checklist:

- The checklist is only for guidance to act or an aid memory to complete an assessment, the assessment should not be treated as a tick box exercise.
- The assessment is a judgement based on the review of the SIS against the relevant requirements of the standard IEC 61511 and shall not be treated as an audit against this checklist.
- The assessment shall be performed by suitably competent person(s) and use of this checklist shall not negate the competence requirements.
- Not all checklist entries may be relevant for every assessment.
- Positive reporting should be considered when completing the checklist.

CASS TOE	IEC 61511 Clause	Assessment Prompt	Outcome				Assessment Team Comments	Recommendations / Actions	By Initials	Status
			Yes	No	Partial	N/A				
<b>Phase 1 - Hazard and Risk Assessment</b>										
FSA-1-1-1	8.2.1	Is there a description of the hazard event and the factors that could contribute to it? (Including Human factors)								Not Assessed
FSA-1-1-2	8.2.1	Is there a description of the consequence and the likelihood of the event occurring?								Not Assessed
FSA-1-1-3	8.2.1	Have all conditions of operation been considered such as normal operation, start-up, shutdown, maintenance, process upset, and emergency shutdown?								Not Assessed
FSA-1-1-4	8.2.1	Have any additional risk reduction methods been identified to achieve the required safety?								Not Assessed
FSA-1-1-5	8.2.1	Have measures to reduce or remove hazard and risk been considered / identified?								Not Assessed

**CASS TOE**  
 Unique number for each TOE

**IEC 61511 Clause**  
 Reference to the IEC 61511 clause for the particular assessment prompt

**Assessment Prompt**  
 Provides a prompt, like the other scheme TOEs, to provide an understanding of the requirement

**Outcome**  
 Yes – Evidence provided  
 No – No evidence provided  
 Partial – Partial compliance  
 N/A – outside the scope

**Assessment Team Comments**  
 Field for the assessment team to provide comment, which can include positive reporting

**Date of Assessment**  
 Date Assessment completed

**Recommendations / Actions**  
 Field to detail any non-conformances, Observations, Opportunities for Improvement

**Status**  
 - Assessed  
 - Compliance  
 - Partial Compliance  
 - Not Assessed



# CASS-511-FSA Walkthrough

## FSA Common Pitfalls

Stage 4 - Is periodically required and it not completed once only.

A Stage 5 - should be performed on any Modification to the SIS.

A Stage 3 – needs to be performed before the hazards are introduced.

If an earlier FSA is performed, evidence of this and action status needs to be provided.

A Project should not conduct their own Assessment.

Anyone can do an FSA.?

The screenshot shows an Excel spreadsheet with the following structure:

- Project Information:** Project, Title, Client, Asset, Issues.
- Instructions:** The following should be noted when using this assessment checklist:
  - The checklist is only for guidance to act as an aid memoire to complete an assessment, the assessment should not be treated as a tick box exercise.
  - The assessment is a judgment based on the review of the SIS against the relevant requirements of the standard IEC 61511 and shall not be treated as an audit against this checklist.
  - The assessment shall be performed by suitably competent personnel and use of this checklist shall not negate the competence requirements.
  - Not all checklist entries maybe relevant for every assessment.
  - Positive reporting should be considered when completing the checklist.
- Phase 1 - Hazard and Risk Assessment:**

CASS TOE	IEC 61511 Clause	Assessment Prompt	Outcome				Assessment Team Comments	Recommendations / Actions
			Yes	No	Partial	N/A		
FSA-1-11	8.2.1	Is there a description of the hazardous event and the factors that could contribute to it? (including human factors)						
FSA-1-12	8.2.1	Is there a description of the consequences and the likelihood of the event occurring?						
FSA-1-13	8.2.1	Have all conditions of operation been considered such as normal operation, start-up, shutdown, maintenance, process upset, and emergency shutdown?						
FSA-1-14	8.2.1	Have any additional risk reduction methods been identified to achieve the required safety?						
FSA-1-15	8.2.1	Have measures to reduce or remove hazards and risk been considered / identified?						
FSA-1-16	8.2.1	Does the assessment contain a detailed description of the assumptions made during analysis of the risks, including probable demand rates and equipment failure rates, and of any credit taken for operational constraints or human intervention?						
FSA-1-17	8.2.1	Have safety functions been allocated to layers of protection, taking into account common cause failures between the safety layers and between safety layers and BPCS?						
FSA-1-18	8.2.1	Have safety functions applied as safety instrumented functions been clearly identified and are they deemed effective against all initiating events?						
FSA-1-19	8.2.2	Has the dangerous failure rate of the BPCS as an initiating source (i.e. placing a demand on a protection layer) not assumed to be less than 10 <sup>-6</sup> per hour?						
FSA-1-110	8.2.3	Is the hazard and risk assessment recorded such that it is: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>clear and traceable;</li> <li>accounts end up to date;</li> <li>easy to understand;</li> <li>available in an accessible, maintainable and editable form;</li> <li>uniquely identified and version controlled.</li> </ul>						
FSA-1-111	8.2.4	Has a security risk assessment been carried out to identify the security vulnerabilities of the SIS (including BPCS or any other device connected to the SIS)?						
FSA-1-112	8.2.4	Does the security risk assessment contain a description of identified threats that could exploit vulnerabilities and result in security events (including intentional attacks on the hardware, application programs and related software, as well as unintended events resulting from human error)?						
FSA-1-113	8.2.4	Are various phases considered in the Security Risk Assessment such as design, implementation, commissioning, operation, and maintenance?						
FSA-1-114	8.2.4	Have additional requirements for risk reduction been identified in the Security Risk Assessment?						
FSA-1-115	8.2.4	Does the security risk assessment include descriptions of, or references to information on, the measures taken to reduce or remove the threats?						
- Phase 2 - Allocation of safety functions to protective layers:**

CASS TOE	IEC 61511 Clause	Assessment Prompt	Outcome				Assessment Team Comments	Recommendations / Actions
			Yes	No	Partial	N/A		
FSA-1-2-1	8.2.1	Have allocation of safety functions to specific protection layers been documented for the purpose of prevention, control or mitigation?						





# TOE Walkthrough

- We'll now cover **CASS-511-OP** and some example TOE(s)

# CASS-511-OP Walkthrough

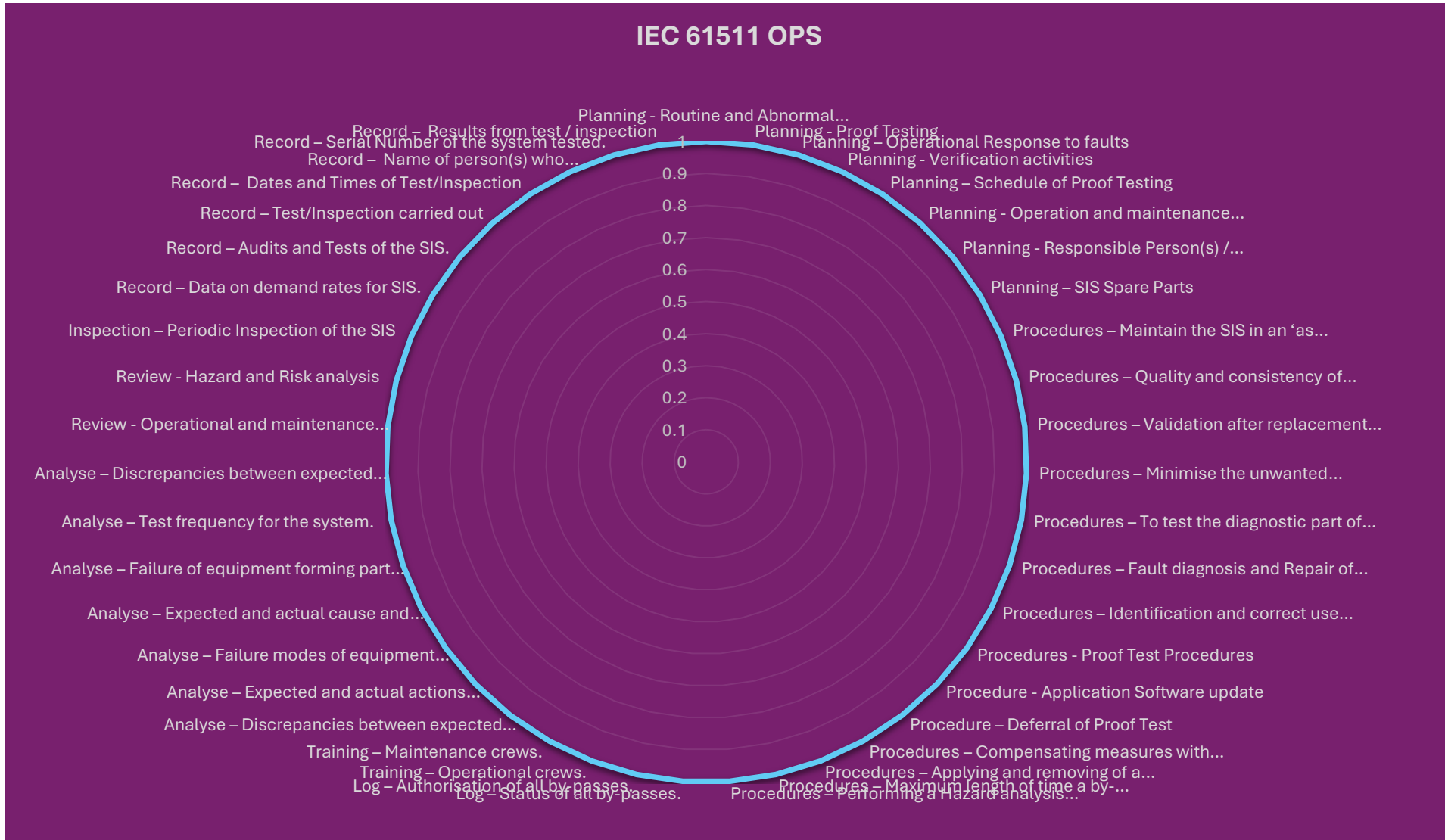
43 TOEs in total

Developed before the FSA scheme was created

Now integrated into the FSA scheme

OPS Scheme still considered useful for FSM development in Operations and for performing Gap analysis

OPS scheme against IEC 61511 aligned with the CDOIF Guide



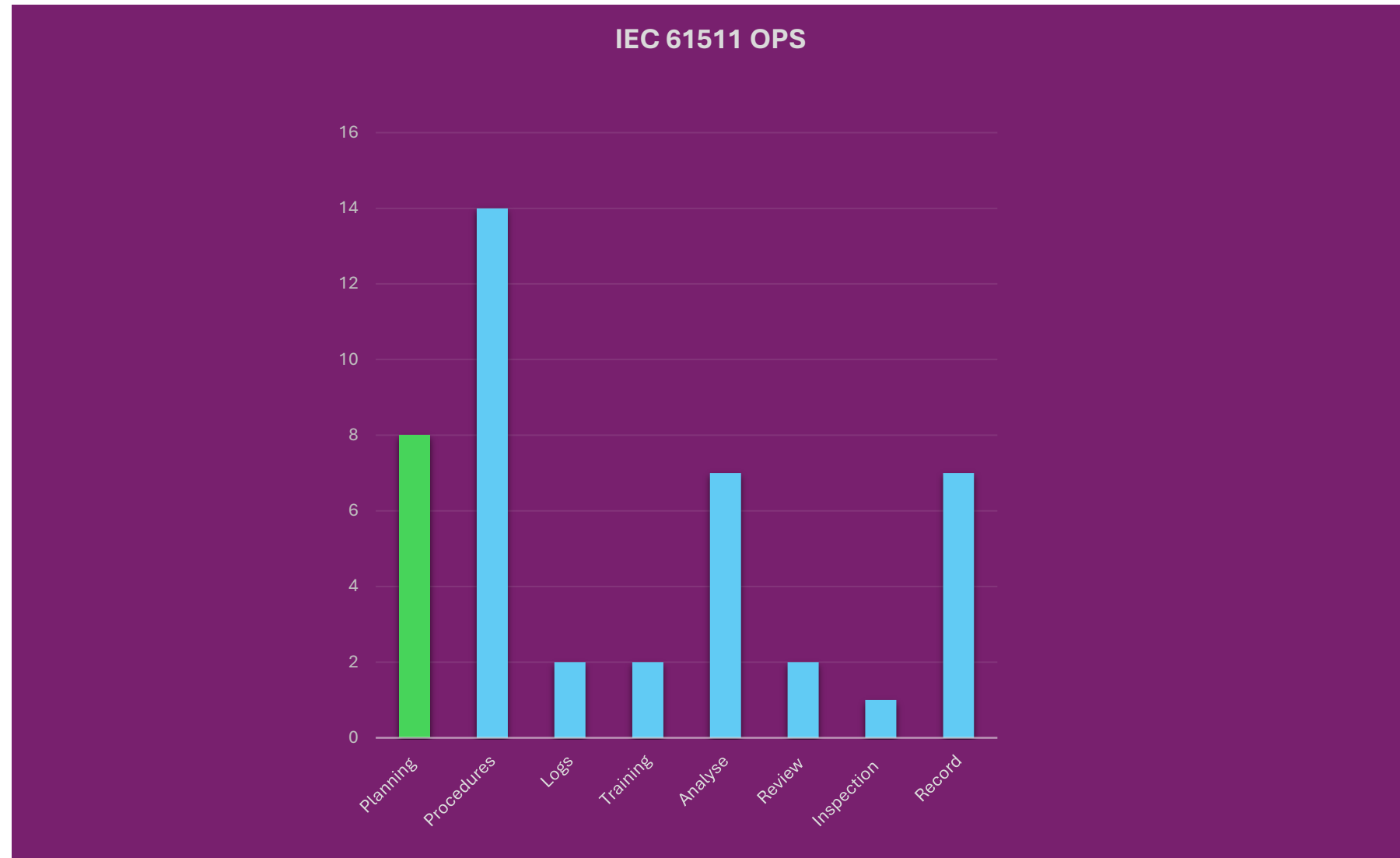
# CASS-511-OP Walkthrough

## 8 TOEs Associated with Planning

- Routine and Abnormal operational activities
- Proof Testing
- Operational Response to faults
- Verification activities
- Schedule of Proof Testing
- Operation and maintenance scheduling
- Responsible Person(s) / Department(s)
- SIS Spare Parts

**Note** - The planning requirements should be defined in the FSM and the audit Schedule include a review of adherence to those requirements.

**Note** - Planning for Spare Parts is essential for any claims of MTTR which forms part of the PFD Calculations.

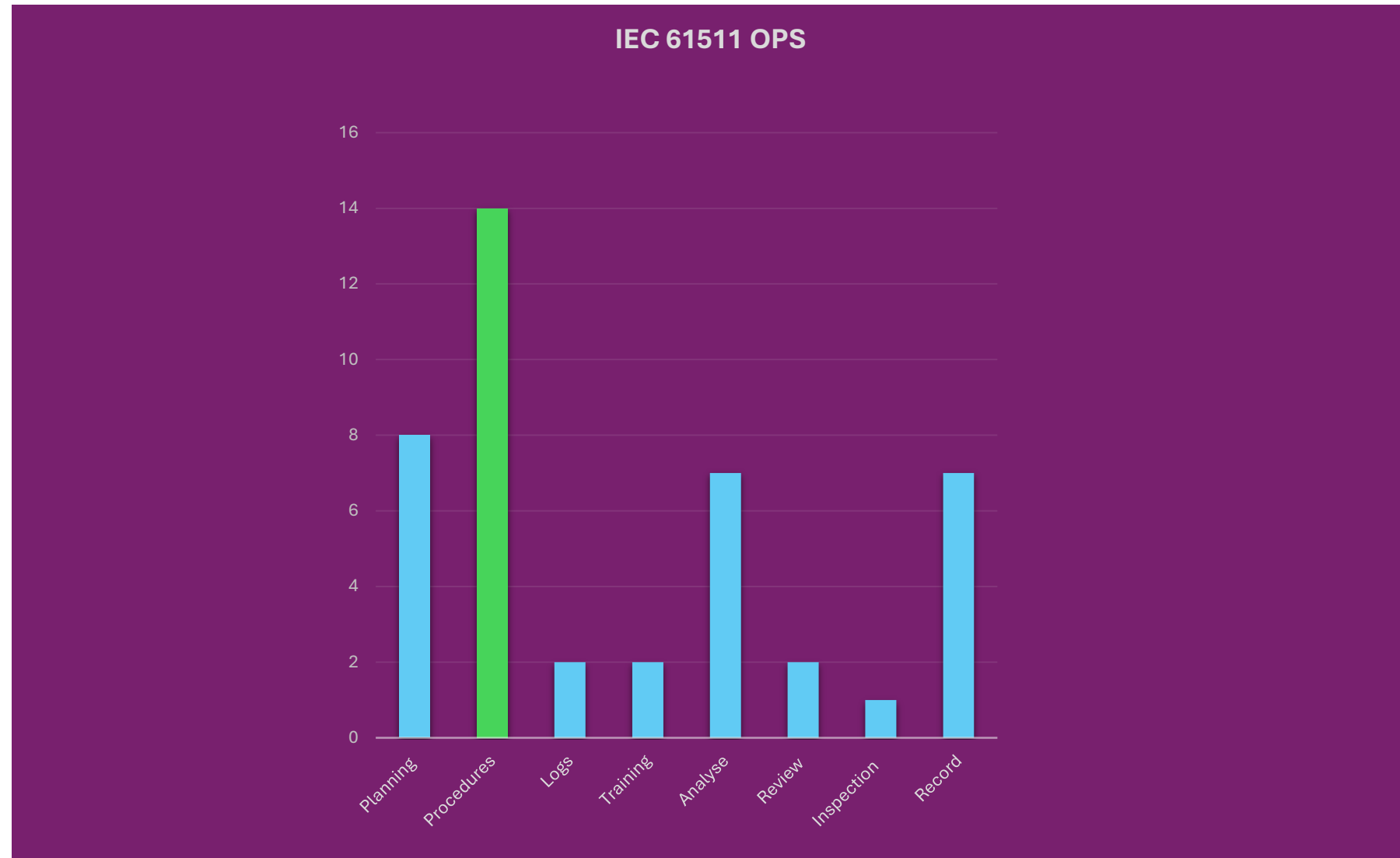




# CASS-511-OP Walkthrough

## 14 TOEs Associated with Procedures

- Maintain the SIS in an 'as designed' condition.
- Quality and consistency of proof tests.
- Validation after replacement of any device.
- Minimise the unwanted hazardous event from occurring during maintenance/SIS is unavailable.
- To test the diagnostic part of the SIS.
- Fault diagnosis and Repair of the Safety Instrumented System.
- Identification and correct use of calibrated test equipment.
- Proof Test Procedures
- Application Software update
- Deferral of Proof Test
- Compensating measures with operational limits due to disabled or degraded SIS
- Applying and removing of a by-pass
- Maximum length of time a by-pass can be in place for.
- Performing a Hazard analysis to determine compensating measures provide adequate risk reduction.

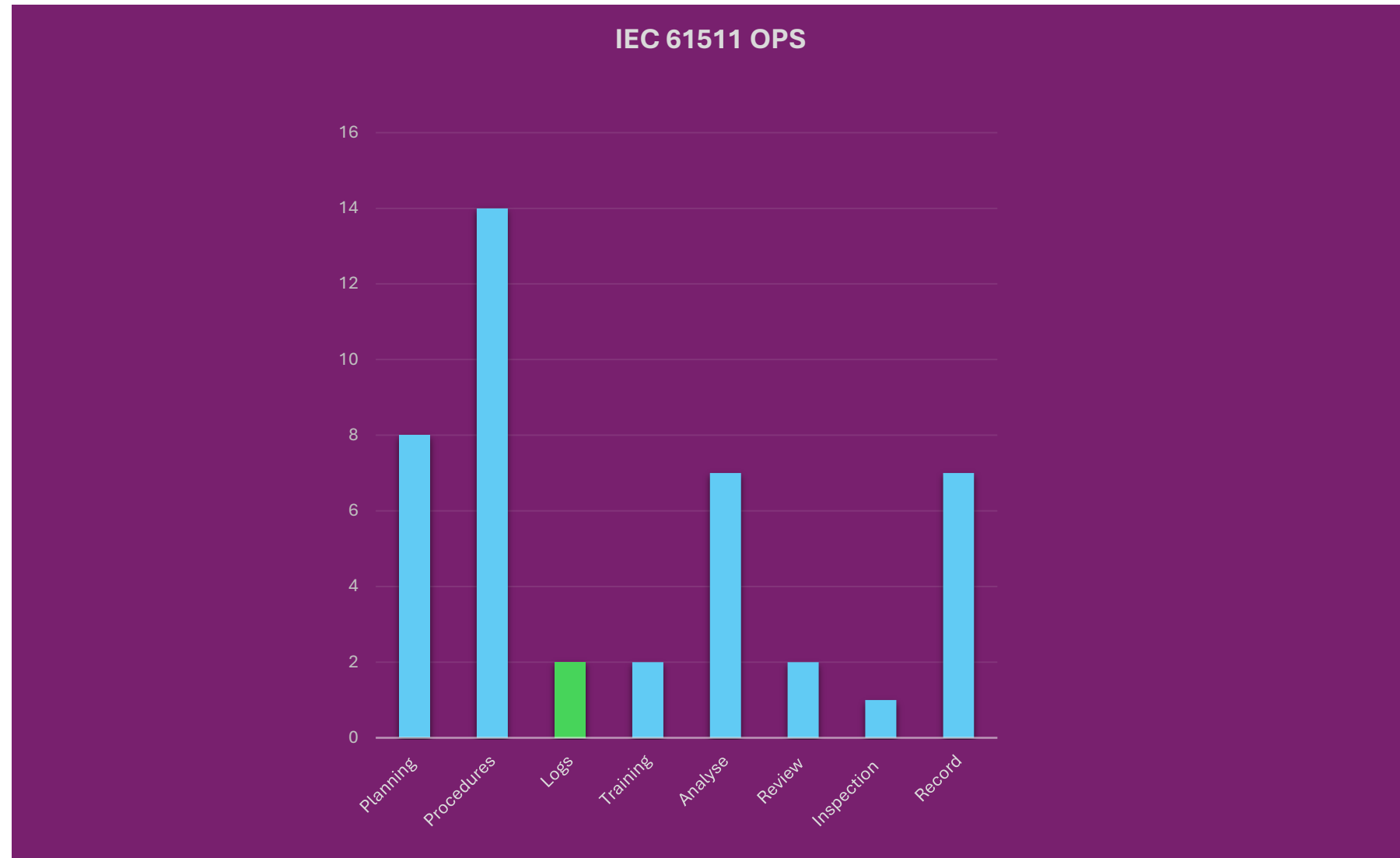


# CASS-511-OP Walkthrough

## 2 TOEs Associated with Logs

- Status of all by-passes.
- Authorisation of all by-passes.

**Note** - There may be other Logs (Electronic or Paper based) in the Control Room, which should also be clearly defined and controlled.

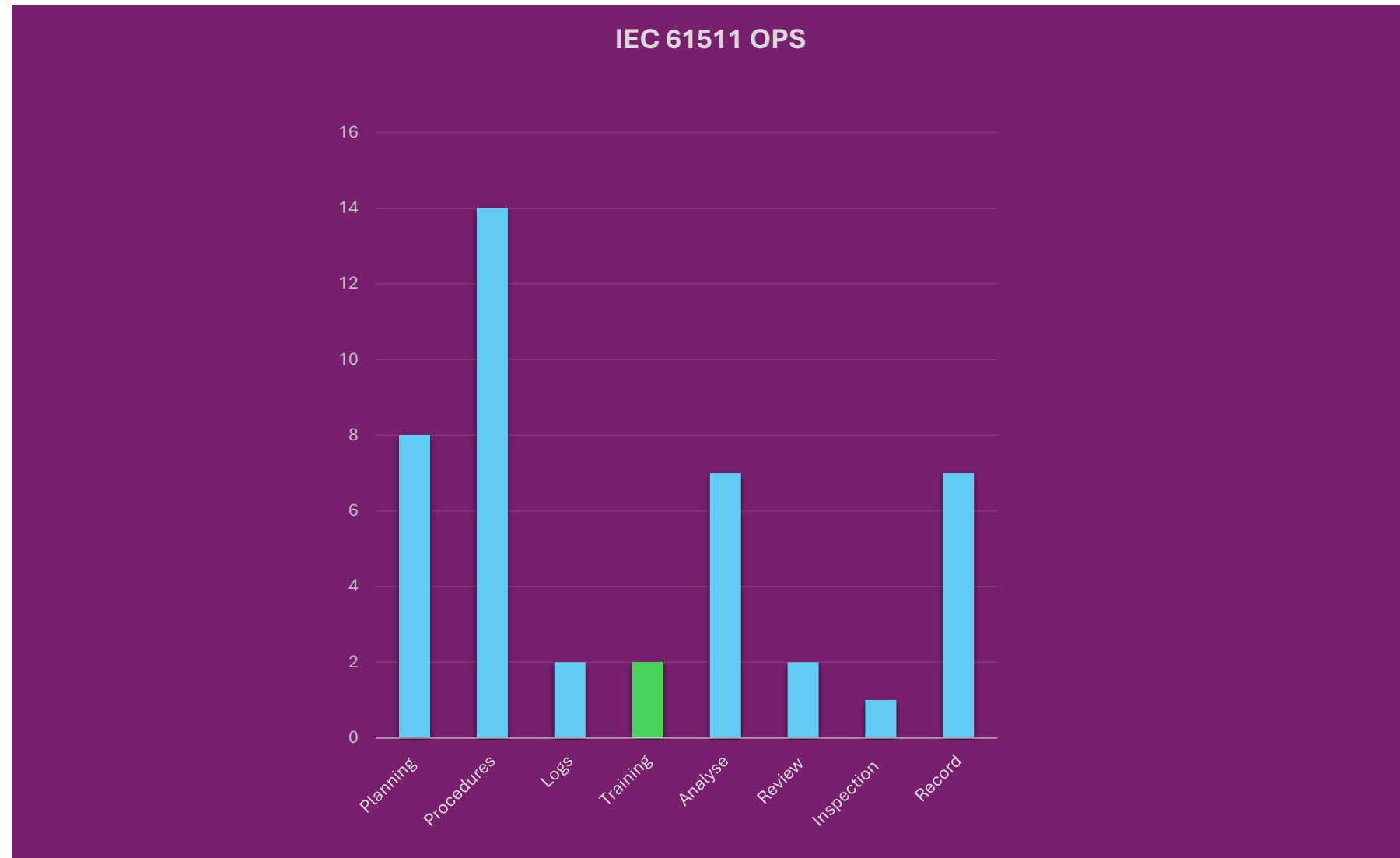


# CASS-511-OP Walkthrough

## 2 TOEs Associated with Training

- Operational crews.
- Maintenance crews.

**Note** – This is only in relation to the specific SIS and is not the same as a Competency Management System (CMS) which is for all activities and persons engaged in the lifecycle.

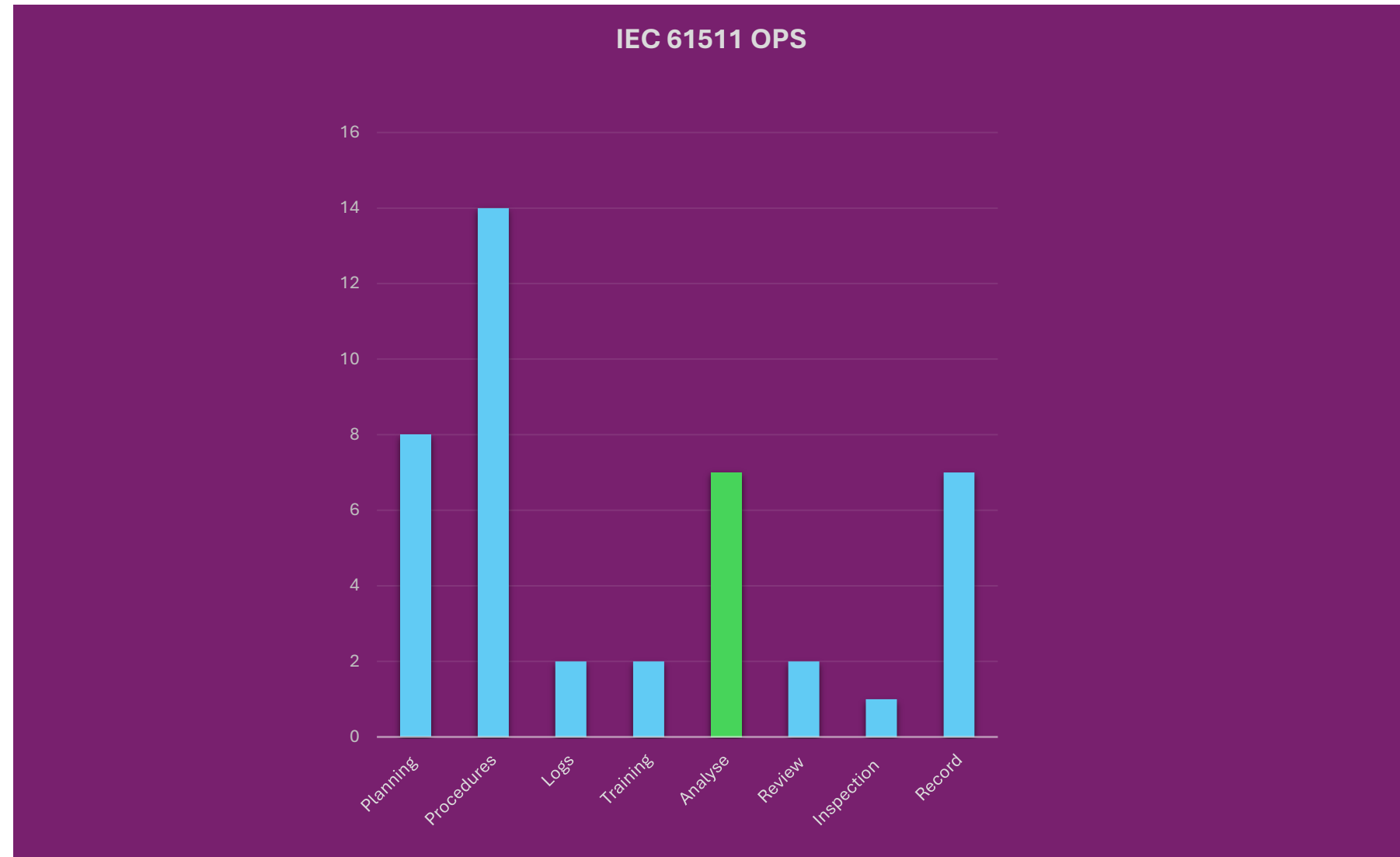


# CASS-511-OP Walkthrough

## 7 TOEs Associated with **Analyse**

- Discrepancies between expected and actual demand rate of the SIF.
- Expected and actual actions following a demand on the system.
- Failure modes of equipment forming part of the system.
- Expected and actual cause and frequency of spurious trips on the system.
- Failure of equipment forming part of the compensating measures.
- Test frequency for the system.
- Discrepancies between expected and actual demand rate of the SIF.

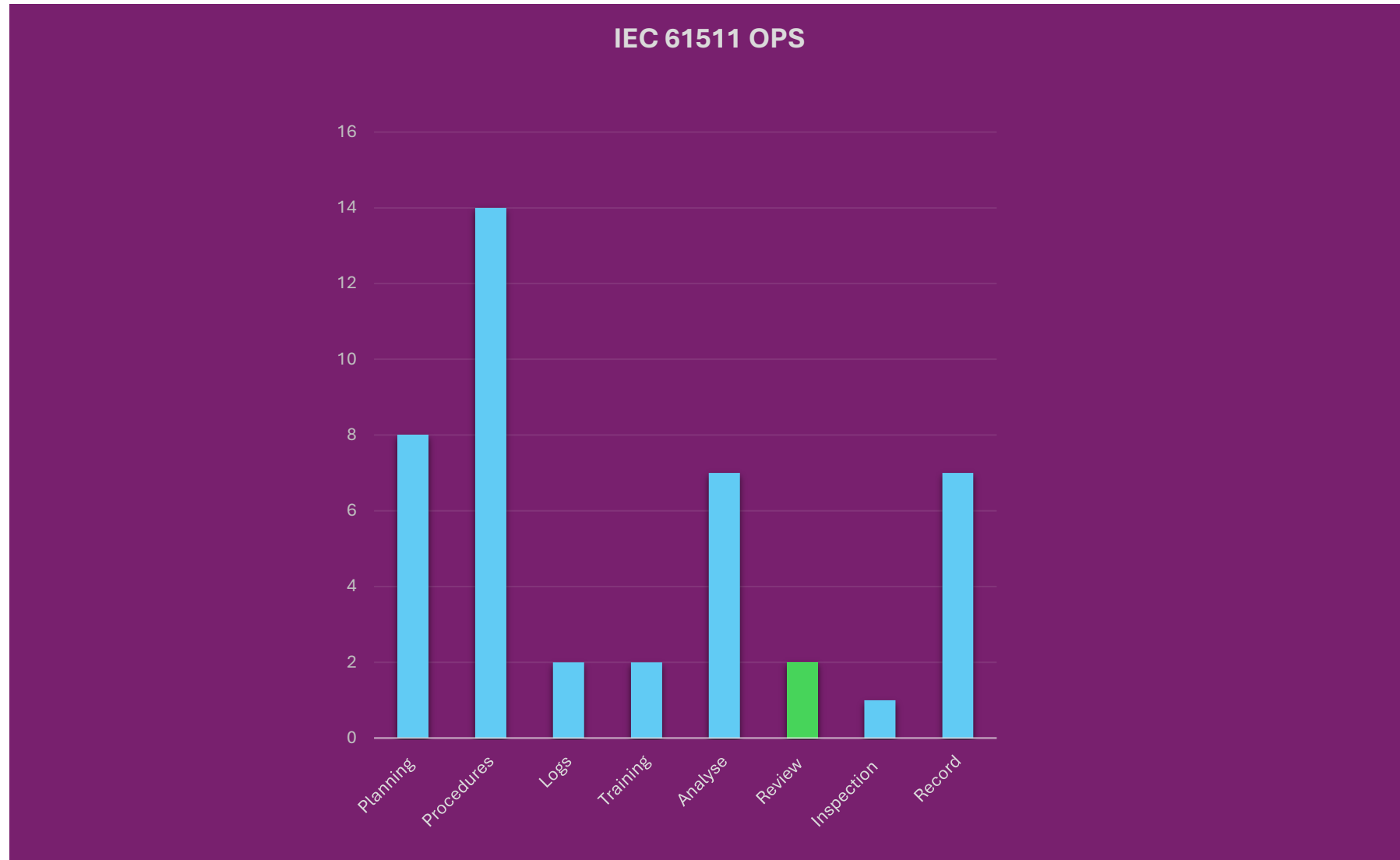
**Note** – These are new requirements in IEC 61511 and expect greater emphasis in the future on analysis of actual against predicted rates.



# CASS-511-OP Walkthrough

## 2 TOEs Associated with Review

- Operational and maintenance procedures.
- Hazard and Risk analysis.





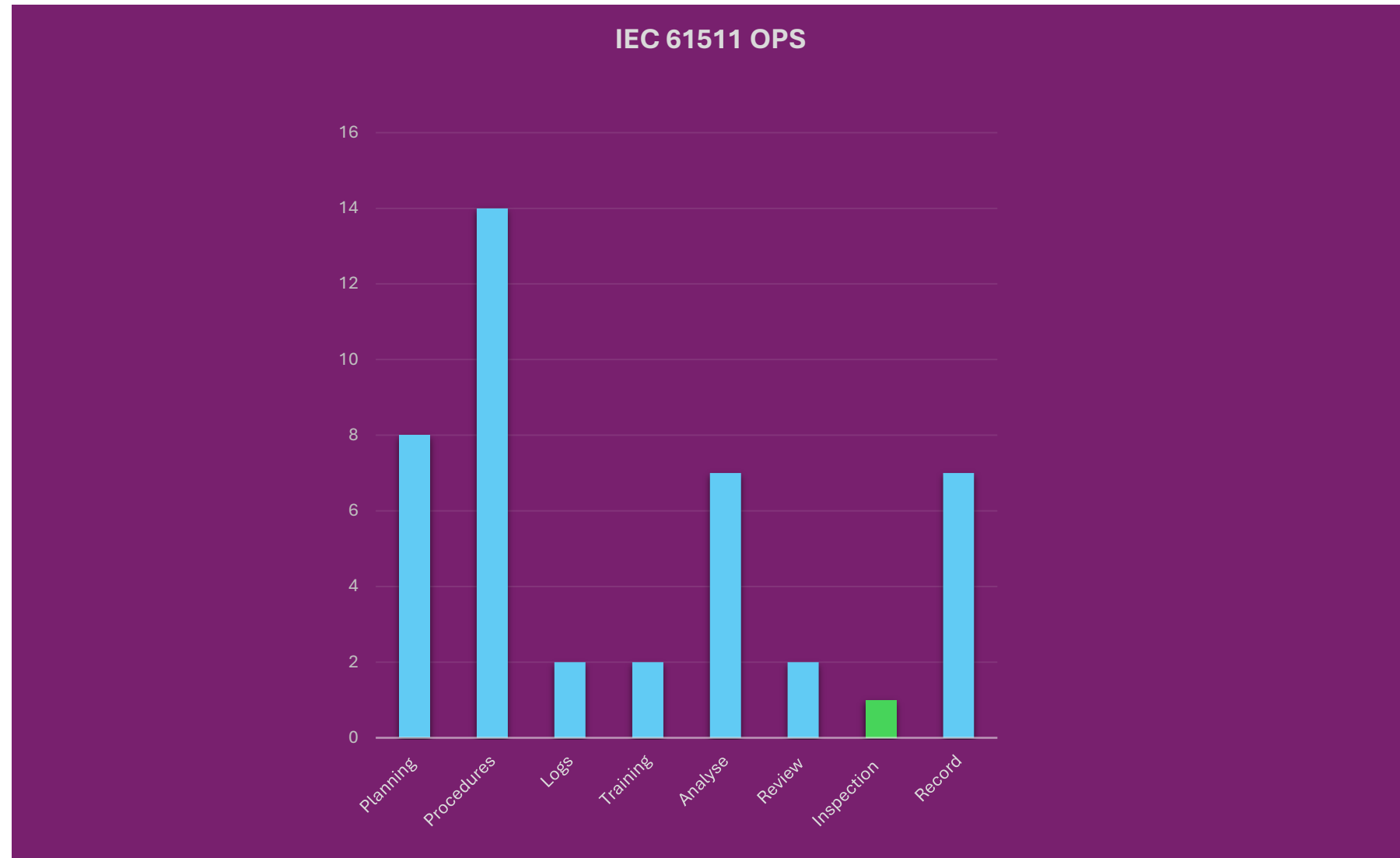
# CASS-511-OP Walkthrough

## 1 TOE Associated with Inspection

- Periodic Inspection of the SIS

**Note** – When developing the FSA scheme, the inspection requirement was developed into a more comprehensive checklist containing 51 TOEs.

**Note** – The vendors of SIS equipment may require specific inspection routines as defined in the Safety Manual which should not be ignored.

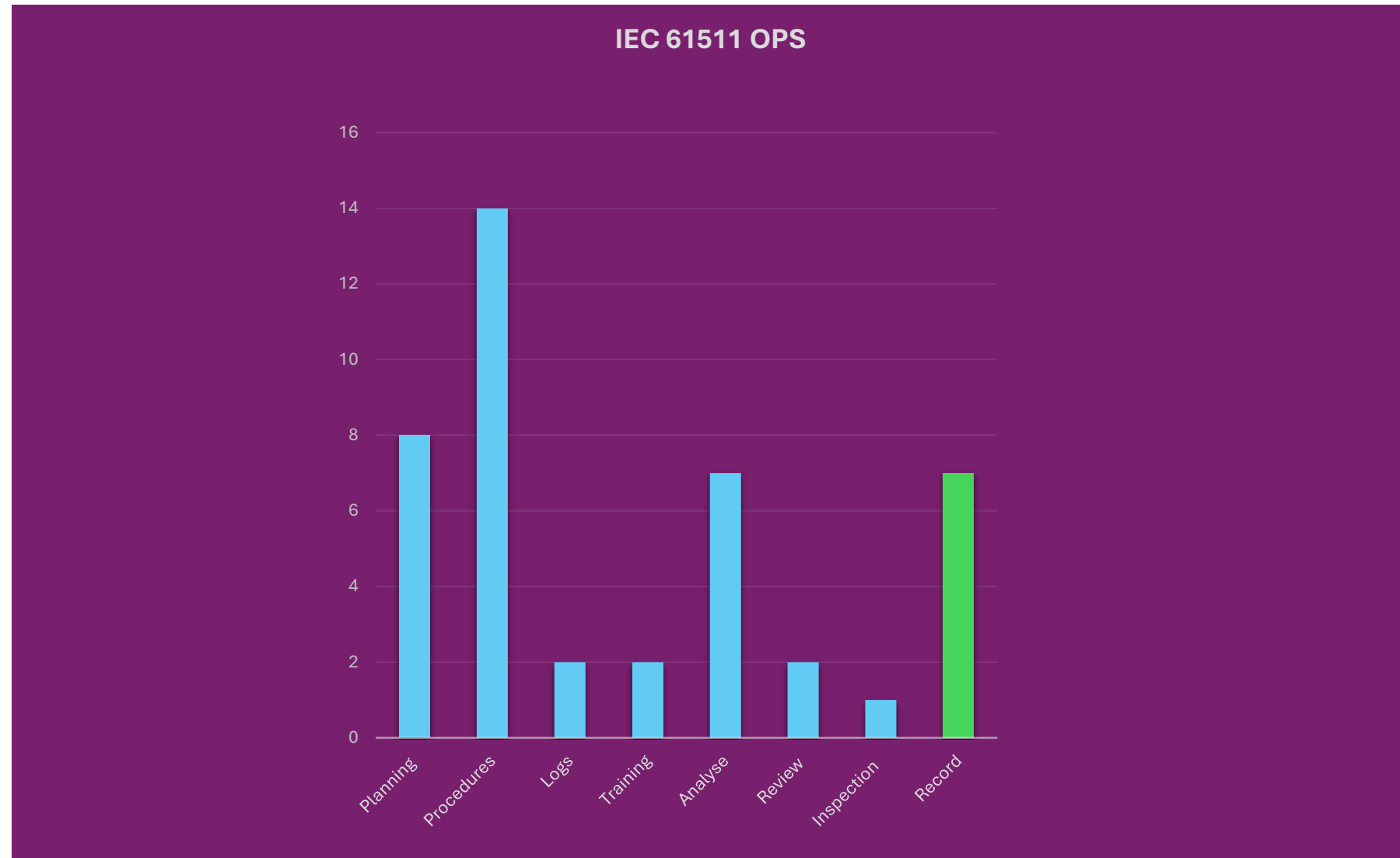


# CASS-511-OP Walkthrough

## 7 TOEs Associated with Records

- Data on demand rates for SIS.
- Audits and Tests of the SIS.
- Test/Inspection carried out
- Dates and Times of Test/Inspection
- Name of person(s) who performed the Test/Inspection
- Serial Number of the system tested.
- Results from test / inspection.

**Note** – Maintaining traceable and accurate records is important and this should be linked to the Document Management System as part of the FSM.



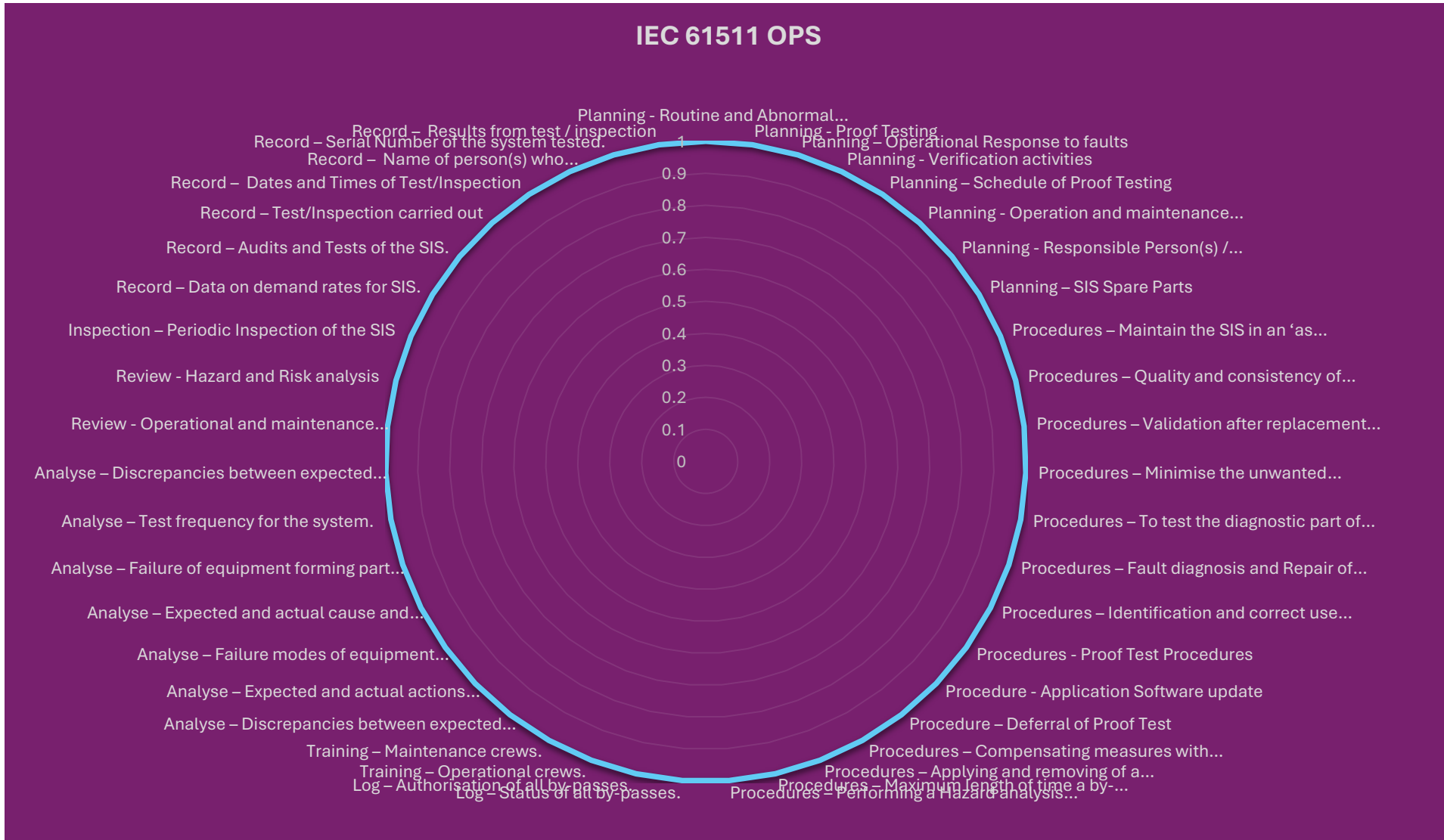
# CASS-511-OP Walkthrough

TOE ??

Purpose of the TOE

??

Would anyone like to pick a TOE to discuss in more detail?



# Any Questions?

**Presenter:** Andy Derbyshire, Deepti Chauhan  
**Contact Details:** [info@61508.org](mailto:info@61508.org)  
What's next....



Slot	Start Time	Paper	Workshop	Finish Time
9	14:35	Slot A-9: Machinery Functional Safety with IEC 62061 and ISO 13849	Slot B-9: Functional Safety Tool Qualification	15:05
-	15:05	Short Comfort Break		15:25
10	15:25	Slot A-10: The Importance of Alarms for Functional Safety	Slot B-10: SIL Calculations and use of IEC 61508 Part 6	15:55

We would be more than happy to discuss membership with you (<https://61508.org/cass/>)